DIRECTORS' STATEMENT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

The directors present their statement to the members together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

In the opinion of the directors,

- (a) the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company as set out on pages 107 to 229 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts when they fall due.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are as follows:

Mr Simon Claude Israel (Chairman) Mr Bob Tan Beng Hai Ms Elizabeth Kong Sau Wai Mrs Fang Ai Lian Ms Chu Swee Yeok Mr Gan Chee Yen Ms Yasmin Binti Aladad Khan

Mr Chng Lay Chew (Appointed on 17 February 2025) Mr Ng Chin Hwee (Appointed on 17 February 2025) Ms Gan Siok Hoon (Appointed on 15 April 2025)

Ms Teo Swee Lian (Appointed on 21 May 2025)

ARRANGEMENTS TO ENABLE DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE BENEFITS BY MEANS OF THE ACQUISITION OF SHARES **AND DEBENTURES**

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object was to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, other than as disclosed under "Share Options" and "Restricted Share Plan" on pages 95 to 100 of this statement.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND DEBENTURES

(a) According to the register of directors' shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act 1967, none of the directors holding office at the end of the financial year had any interest in the shares and debentures of the Company and its related corporations, except as follows:

	9	registered of director		hich director is ave an interest	
	At 31.3.2025	At 1.4.2024 or date of appointment, if later	At 31.3.2025	At 1.4.2024 or date of appointment, if later	
Company Singapore Post Limited					
(No. of ordinary shares)	40.000	40.000	2.000	2 000(1)	
Mr Gan Chee Yen Mr Chng Lay Chew	10,000 30,000	10,000 30,000	2,000 -	2,000 ⁽¹⁾	
(1) Deemed interest through spouse					

- (1) Deemed interest through spouse
- (b) According to the register of directors' shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act 1967, none of the directors holding office at the end of the financial year had interests in the options to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company.
- (c) The directors' interests in the shares of the Company as at 21 April 2025 were the same as those as at 31 March 2025.

SHARE OPTIONS

The Singapore Post Share Option Scheme was adopted on 21 March 2003, and a new scheme, known as Singapore Post Share Option Scheme 2012 was adopted on 29 June 2012; collectively known as the "Scheme". The Scheme is administered by the Compensation Committee comprising Mr Bob Tan Beng Hai (Chairman), Mr Simon Claude Israel, Mrs Fang Ai Lian, Ms. Yasmin Binti Aladad Khan and Mr Gan Chee Yen (from 3 February 2025) during the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

Employees (including executive directors), subject to certain conditions, are eligible to participate in the Scheme. The Scheme provides a means to recruit, retain and give recognition to employees who have contributed to the success and development of the Company and / or the Group.

The principal terms of the Scheme are as follows:

- The exercise price of the granted options is equal to the average of the last dealt prices for the share on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") for the five (5) consecutive trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of that option.
- The value of the share option is determined using the Trinomial option pricing model (taking into account relevant assumptions).

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

Granted options shall be exercisable, in whole or in part, during the exercise period applicable to that option and in accordance with the vesting schedule applicable to that option or other conditions (if any) that may be imposed by the Compensation Committee in relation to that option. Options may be exercised, in whole or in part in respect of 1,000 shares or any multiple thereof, by a participant giving notice in writing, accompanied by a remittance for the aggregate subscription cost in respect of the shares for which that option is exercised. The method of settlement could be in cheque, cashier's order, banker's draft or postal order made out in favour of the Company or such other mode of payment as may be acceptable to the Company. There are no restrictions on the eligibility of the persons to whom the options have been granted to participate in any other share option or share incentive scheme, whether or not implemented by any of the other companies within the Group or any other company. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

The vesting schedule for the share options granted to eligible employees (including executive directors) effective from 20 May 2014 are as follows:

Vesting period	Proportion of Total Share Options that are exercisable
Before / On first anniversary of date of grant	0 per cent
After first anniversary and before second anniversary of date of grant	Up to 30.0 per cent of grant
On / After second anniversary and before third anniversary of date of grant	Up to another 30.0 per cent of grant OR Up to 60.0 per cent of grant if share options were not exercised after the first vesting year
On / After third anniversary till tenth anniversary of date of grant	Balance OR 100.0 per cent of grant if share options were not exercised after the first and second vesting years

The share options granted to eligible employees (including executive directors) effective 26 June 2006 to 10 March 2014 have a four-year vesting schedule and the details are as follows:

Proportion of Total Share Options that are exercisable **Vesting period** Before / On first anniversary of date of grant 0 per cent Up to 25.0 per cent of grant After first anniversary and before second anniversary of date of grant On / After second anniversary and before third Up to another 25.0 per cent of grant **OR** anniversary of date of grant Up to 50.0 per cent of grant if share options were not exercised after the first vesting year On / After third anniversary and before fourth Up to another 25.0 per cent of grant **OR** anniversary of date of grant Up to 75.0 per cent of grant if share options were not exercised after the first and second vesting years On / After fourth anniversary till tenth Balance **OR** anniversary of date of grant 100.0 per cent of grant if share options were not exercised after the first, second and third vesting years

• On 11 May 2012, 17 January 2014, 7 March 2014 and 1 April 2014, performance share options were granted to key management staff. Vesting of these options is based on the Company's performance against a set of stretched targets on the Group's profit and the Company's target share price performance.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

• The total number of shares over which options may be granted under the Scheme on any date, when added to the nominal amount of shares issued and issuable and in respect of all options granted under the Scheme, shall not exceed 5.0 per cent of the issued share capital of the Company on the day preceding that date.

Since the adoption of the Scheme to 31 March 2024, a total of 178,687,936 share options have been granted. Details of the options are set out in the Directors' Statement for the respective financial years.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, no share options were granted. At the end of the financial year, details of the options granted and the number of unissued ordinary shares of the Company under options outstanding are as follows:

		_	Number of ordinary shares under options outstar						
Date of Grant	Exercise Period	Exercise Price	Balance At 1.4.24 ('000)	Granted during financial year ('000)	Options exercised ('000)	Options forfeited ('000)	Balance At 31.3.25 ('000)		
•	ranted Under Singapore Po yees (including executive	•	ns Scheme						
20.05.14	21.05.15 to 20.05.24	S\$1.450	308	_	_	308	_		
07.08.14	08.08.15 to 07.08.24	S\$1.760	32	_	_	32	_		
19.05.15	20.05.16 to 19.05.25	S\$1.890	907	_	_	153	754		
20.05.16	21.05.17 to 20.05.26	S\$1.570	916	_	_	104	812		
Total Shar	e Options		2,163	_	_	597	1,566		

No option has been granted to controlling shareholders of the Company or their associates.

No key management personnel or employee has received options of 5% or more of the total number of shares available under the Scheme during the financial year. No other director or employee of the Company and its subsidiaries (as defined in the SGX-ST Listing Manual) has received options of 5% or more of the total number of shares available to all directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries under the Scheme during the financial year.

No option was granted at a discount during the financial year.

RESTRICTED SHARE PLAN

The Singapore Post Restricted Share Plan 2013 (the "Plan") was implemented with the approval of shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 28 June 2013. The duration of the Plan is 10 years commencing from 28 June 2013 and was further extended for another 10 years up to 27 June 2033. The Plan allows fully paid shares to be granted to non-executive directors of the Group and associated companies.

Enhancements to have the flexibility to prescribe performance conditions or time-based service conditions were made to the Plan (the "Enhanced Plan") to reinforce the delivery of long-term growth and shareholder value, while ensuring that the Plan remains relevant and sustainable as a retention and motivation tool for senior management and key employees whose contributions are essential to the well-being and prosperity of the Group. The enhancements were duly approved by the shareholders at the Company's annual general meeting ("AGM") held on 20 July 2017.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

RESTRICTED SHARE PLAN (continued)

The release schedule for the shares granted to eligible employees (excluding non-executive directors) prior to financial year 2017/18 is as follows:

Vesting Period	Vesting Date	Percentage of Shares that will be Released on Vesting Date
From award date to date before first anniversary of award date	First anniversary of award date	30% (rounded to nearest whole share)
From first anniversary of award date to date before second anniversary of award date	On second anniversary of date of award	30% (rounded to nearest whole share)
From second anniversary of award date to date before third anniversary of award date	On third anniversary of date of award	Balance 40%

100% of the restricted shares granted to non-executive directors vest after one year from the date of grant.

Since the adoption of the Plan to 31 March 2024, a total of 5,839,118 restricted shares were granted.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, no restricted shares were granted under the Plan. There are no outstanding unvested restricted shares as at the start of the financial year.

ENHANCED PLAN

Following shareholders' approval to the Enhanced Plan at the Company's annual general meeting held on 20 July 2017, participants will receive fully paid SingPost shares that either met the prescribed performance targets within a prescribed performance period or time-based service conditions. Shares granted from financial year 2017/18 onwards comprises of two types of awards:

- a) Performance Share Award; and
- b) Restricted Share Award.

The Performance Share Award, granted to senior management, has three long-term performance measures: Return on Equity, Absolute Total Shareholder Returns and CO2 Reduction from financial year 2018/19 (added measure for Performance Share Award from financial year 2020/21 onwards).

The Restricted Share Award, granted to senior management and a broader group of key executives, has either time-based service conditions or performance conditions of (i) Underlying Net Profit measure or (ii) both Return of Equity and CO2 Reduction from financial year 2018/19 measures.

Vesting period of the awards depends on whether time-based service conditions or performance conditions is prescribed.

- i) Time-based service condition is cliff vest at end of three years; and
- ii) Performance period for both types of awards is four years. Accelerated vesting may be activated upon early achievement of performance levels in Year 3, to motivate the senior management and key employees in attaining business priorities and shareholder value creation earlier.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

ENHANCED PLAN (continued)

The performance conditions for both awards incorporate stretched targets aimed at delivering long-term shareholder value. Depending on achievement of the respective performance hurdles, 0% to 188% of the awards may vest.

Performance Share Awards

Since the adoption of the Enhanced Plan to 31 March 2024, a total of 7,264,569 shares have been granted.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, no share was granted. Details of the grants are as follows:

	Balance	Share	Share	Share	Balance
	As At	Awards	Awards	Awards	As At
Date of	1.4.24	Granted	Vested	Cancelled	31.3.25
Grant	('000)	('000')	('000')	('000)	('000)
01.06.20	455	-	-	455	_
20.01.22	269	-	-	269	_
03.06.22	1,244	_	_	1,244	
<u>Total</u>	1,968	-		1,968	

Restricted Share Awards

Since the adoption of the Enhanced Plan to 31 March 2024, a total of 20,461,560 restricted shares have been granted.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, no shares were granted. Details of the grants are as follows:

	Balance	Share	Share	Share	Balance
	As At	Awards	Awards	Awards	As At
Date of	1.4.24	Granted	Vested	Cancelled	31.3.25
Grant	('000)	('000')	('000)	('000)	('000)
01.06.20	1,218	_	-	1,218	_
20.01.22	732	_	-	330	402
03.06.22	2,236	_	-	1,110	1,126
08.06.23	5,520	_	_	2,895	2,625
Total	9,706	_	_	5,553	4,153

FREIGHT MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS PTY LIMITED ("FMH") LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

The FMH Group Long Term Incentive Plan (the "FMH LTIP") was implemented by FMH, a subsidiary of the Group, on 10 November 2022 with the approval of shareholders on the same day.

The FMH LTIP provides an incentive to retain employees and recognise their effort and contribution in the long-term performance and success of FMH and its subsidiaries, as well as provides opportunity for the employees to acquire rights to receive fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of FMH in accordance with the rules of FMH LTIP.

The FMH LTIP has two performance measures: Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortisation ("EBITDA") and Return on Equity. The performance period was to 30 June 2024.

Since the adoption of the Long Term Incentive Plan to 31 March 2024, a total of 529 share rights have been granted.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

FREIGHT MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS PTY LIMITED ("FMH") LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN (continued)

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, no share rights were granted. Details of the grants are as follows:

	Balance	Rights	Rights	Rights	Balance
Date of	As At	Awards	Awards	Awards	As At
Grant	1.4.24	Granted	Vested	Cancelled	31.3.25
10.11.22	529	-	529	-	
Total	529	_	529	_	_

AUDIT COMMITTEE

At the date of this statement, the members of the Audit Committee are as follows:

Mrs Fang Ai Lian (Chairman) Mr Bob Tan Beng Hai Ms Chu Swee Yeok Mr Gan Chee Yen

Mr Chng Lay Chew (Appointed on 17 February 2025)

All members of the Audit Committee were non-executive and independent directors.

The Audit Committee carried out its functions in accordance with Section 201B(5) of the Singapore Companies Act 1967.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the overall scope, plans and results of both internal and independent audits and the assistance given by the Company's officers to the auditors. It has met with the Company's internal and independent auditors to discuss the results of their respective examinations and evaluations of the Company's system of internal accounting controls.

The Audit Committee has also reviewed the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 as well as the independent auditor's report thereon prior to their submission to the Board of Directors for approval.

Pursuant to the requirements of the SGX-ST, the Audit Committee, with the assistance of the internal auditors, has reviewed the guidelines and procedures that were set up to identify, report and where necessary, seek appropriate approval for interested person transactions of the Group. Interested person transactions of the Group during the financial year have also been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board of Directors that the independent auditor, Deloitte & Touche LLP, be nominated for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

AUDITOR

The auditor, Deloitte & Touche LLP, has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the directors

Mr Simon Claude Israel Chairman

Singapore

Date: 27 May 2025

Mrs Fang Ai Lian Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Singapore Post Limited

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Singapore Post Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group and the statement of changes in equity of the Company for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 107 to 229.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and of the changes in equity of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") *Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities* ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Singapore Post Limited

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter

Assessment of impairment of goodwill

Refer to Note 3.9 to the financial statements.

As at 31 March 2025, goodwill amounted to \$\$89.5 million. Management has determined the recoverable amounts of respective cash-generating units ("CGUs") based on higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use calculations.

Management's assessment of the recoverable amounts of the CGUs involves significant judgement about the future cash flow projections of the business and the appropriate terminal growth rates and discount rates applied to these future cash flow projections, and the fair value less costs of disposal. In arriving at the recoverable amounts, management has also considered strategies and plans that have been approved by the Board and are in the process of being implemented.

As a result of the assessment, the Group recorded an impairment loss of S\$77.9 million on goodwill arising from its investment in Quantium Solutions International Pte Ltd, and there is no impairment on goodwill of S\$89.5 million for the remaining CGUs as their recoverable amounts are higher than their respective carrying values as at 31 March 2025.

Our audit performed and responses thereon

Our key audit procedures focused on evaluating amongst others, the key assumptions used by management in performing the impairment review. These key audit procedures included:

- obtaining an understanding of the relevant internal controls to address significant risk of impairment associated with goodwill, and whether they are properly designed and implemented by management;
- evaluating the appropriateness of allocation of goodwill to the respective CGUs;
- challenging management's future cash flow projections and fair value less costs of disposal through comparison with recent performance, historical trend analyses, expectations of future development of the business and market conditions and publicly available industry and economic data;
- involving our specialists to evaluate the appropriateness of management's assumptions, which include terminal growth rates and discount rates, by developing an independent expectation using economic and industry forecasts and rates of comparable companies with consideration for specific jurisdiction factors;
- comparing current year's actual results against prior year's forecasts to assess whether assumptions made in prior year on hindsight had been reasonable; and
- performing sensitivity analysis over the recoverable amounts of the Group's CGUs, based on reasonably possible changes in the key assumptions as set out above.

We have evaluated the adequacy of the Group's disclosures made in relation to goodwill and found them to be adequate.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Singapore Post Limited

Key Audit Matters (continued)

Key Audit Matter

Valuation of investment properties

Refer to Note 3.6 to the financial statements.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group's investment properties amounted to S\$1,016.6 million, representing 42.5% of the Group's total assets. These investment properties are stated at their fair values based on independent external valuations. The net fair value gain on investment properties recognised during the year amounted to S\$15.2 million.

The valuation of these investment properties (primarily Singapore Post Centre) located in Singapore is inherently subjective as it involves judgement in determining the appropriate valuation methodologies to be used, the underlying assumptions to be applied and consideration of terms and conditions and restrictions in the property agreements.

The assumptions on which the property values are based, are influenced by the tenure and tenancy details for each property, prevailing market yields, comparable market transactions and market conditions during the year.

Our audit performed and responses thereon

Our key audit procedures focused on evaluating amongst others, the key assumptions used by management and the external valuer in performing the valuation of investment properties. These key procedures included:

- obtaining an understanding of the Group's process for selection of the external valuer, evaluating the qualifications and competence of the external valuer and reading the engagement terms to determine whether there were any matters that might have affected their independence and objectivity or imposed a limitation on the scope of their work;
- holding discussions with the valuer to understand the basis of valuation techniques and assumptions applied on the properties' valuations;
- evaluating the appropriateness of the valuation techniques used by the external valuer for the key investment properties with the involvement of our internal valuation specialists; and
- benchmarking and challenging the key assumptions used by the external valuer by referencing to externally published industry data, where available, and considering whether these assumptions are consistent with the current market environment.

We also considered the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements regarding the key assumptions used in the valuation and the relationships between the key unobservable inputs and fair values and found them to be adequate.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Singapore Post Limited

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I)s, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Singapore Post Limited

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Yang Chi Chih.

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Adores & Timbe lop

Singapore

Date: 27 May 2025

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

		(Group
		2025	2024
	Note	S\$'000	S\$'000
Continuing operations			
Revenue	2.2	813,704	879,212
Labour and related expenses	2.3	(240,944)	(251,020)
Volume-related expenses	2.4	(378,885)	(444,380)
Administrative and other expenses	2.5	(110,753)	(101,283)
Depreciation and amortisation	2.6	(37,840)	(43,274)
Selling-related expenses		(3,539)	(6,951)
Impairment loss on trade and other receivables		(265)	(1,499)
Operating expenses		(772,226)	(848,407)
Other income		2,857	3,091
Operating profit		44,335	33,896
Share of profit / (loss) of associated companies			
and a joint venture	6.2	519	(1,543)
Exceptional items	2.7	222,160	37,668
Earnings before interest and tax		267,014	70,021
Investment income (net)	2.8	6,260	9,261
Finance expenses	2.9	(26,900)	(23,140)
Profit before income tax		246,374	56,142
Income tax expense	2.10	(16,124)	(10,726)
Profit for the year from continuing operations		230,250	45,416
Discontinued operations			
Profit for the year from discontinued operations	2.13	14,843	36,060
Profit after tax		245,093	81,476
Profit attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		245,141	78,333
Non-controlling interests		(48)	3,143
		245,093	81,476
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company			
From continuing and discontinued operations:			
Excluding distribution to perpetual securities holdersIncluding distribution to perpetual securities holders	2.12 2.12	10.41 cents 10.89 cents	3.00 cents 3.48 cents
From continuing operations:			
- Excluding distribution to perpetual securities holders	2.12	9.76 cents	1.51 cents
- Including distribution to perpetual securities holders	2.12	10.25 cents	2.00 cents
• •			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

		G	roup	
	Note	2025 S\$'000	2024 S\$'000	
	Note	34 000	24,000	
Profit after tax		245,093	81,476	
Other comprehensive income / (loss) (net of tax):				
Items that may be reclassified subsequently				
to profit or loss:	Г			
Currency translation differences:				
- Gain / (Loss) on translation of foreign operations		2,706	(6,744)	
- Deconsolidation of foreign subsidiaries	6.4	(12,890)	_	
– Disposal of an associated company		198	_	
- Transfer to profit or loss arising from				
loss of significant influence in an associated company		-	136	
Cash flow hedges:		4 400	0.40	
- Fair value changes arising during the year		1,438	848	
- Realised and transferred to profit or loss		(1,354)	(932)	
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently				
to profit or loss:				
Equity investments at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	4.4	44.246	20.440	
- Fair value gain	4.4	14,216	38,118	
 Loss on fair value hedge of an equity instrument designated at FVTOCI 	4.3	(12,526)	(44,353)	
Other comprehensive loss for the year (net of tax)	4.5	(8,212)		
other comprehensive loss for the year (her of tax)	-	(0,212)	(12,927)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	236,881	68,549	
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Company		235,357	67,577	
Non-controlling interests	_	1,524	972	
	_	236,881	68,549	

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2025

			Group	(Company	
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024	
		S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	3.1	696,420	476,738	529,934	362,373	
Trade and other receivables	3.2	100,193	252,430	114,546	129,395	
Derivative financial instruments	4.3	514	402	514	402	
Financial assets	4.4	95,465	_	-	-	
Inventories		14	343	5	5	
Other current assets	3.5 _	17,079	31,125	7,717	9,314	
Non-current assets	_	909,685	761,038	652,716	501,489	
Trade and other receivables	3.3	135	3,237	170,856	218,236	
Derivative financial instruments	4.3	-	14,006	-		
Financial assets	4.4	7,324	88,570	_	_	
Investments in subsidiaries	6.1	_	_	361,313	361,313	
Investments in associated companies and a joint venture	6.2	21,890	23,107	21,891	21,891	
Investment properties	3.6	1,016,583	1,002,341	997,734	983,645	
Property, plant and equipment	3.7	320,289	454,270	226,924	238,610	
Right-of-use assets	3.8	17,145	140,008	19,645	28,304	
Intangible assets	3.9	90,198	636,262	-	-	
Deferred income tax assets	2.11	793	3,729	-	-	
Other non-current assets	3.5 _	6,382	9,360	5,005	5,682	
	-	1,480,739	2,374,890	1,803,368	1,857,681	
Total assets	=	2,390,424	3,135,928	2,456,084	2,359,170	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Trade and other payables	3.10	333,610	605,645	492,931	417,378	
Current income tax liabilities		21,175	10,592	14,053	12,984	
Contract liabilities	3.11	17,548	28,204	16,803	26,023	
Lease liabilities	3.8	7,197	43,137	8,435	11,060	
Derivative financial instruments	4.3	83	105	83	105	
Borrowings	5.2 _		10,319			
Non-current liabilities	-	379,613	698,002	532,305	467,550	
Trade and other payables	3.10	14,245	31,068	608,162	609,138	
Borrowings	5.2	349,559	816,814	-	005,150	
Contract liabilities	3.11	4,460	-	4,460	_	
Lease liabilities	3.8	13,476	105,532	12,024	18,175	
Deferred income tax liabilities	2.11	21,593	61,701	20,741	19,997	
Derivative financial instruments	4.3		1,846			
	_	403,333	1,016,961	645,387	647,310	
Total liabilities	_	782,946	1,714,963	1,177,692	1,114,860	
NET ASSETS		1,607,478	1,420,965	1,278,392	1,244,310	
EQUITY	_					
Capital and reserves attributable to						
the Company's equity holders						
Share capital	5.3	638,762	638,762	638,762	638,762	
Treasury shares	5.3	(29,054)	(29,243)	(29,054)	(29,243)	
Other reserves	5.4	53,460	(130,742)	34,244	36,094	
Retained earnings	-	655,675	653,171	634,440	598,697	
Ordinary equity		1,318,843	1,131,948	1,278,392	1,244,310	
Perpetual securities	5.5 _	251,504	251,534	4 279 202	1 244 240	
Non controlling interests	6.1	1,570,347 37,131	1,383,482 37,483	1,278,392	1,244,310	
Non-controlling interests Total equity	0.1 _	1,607,478	37,483 1,420,965	1,278,392	1,244,310	
rotal equity	-	1,007,478	1,420,903	1,410,374	1,244,310	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

		Attributa	able to ordin	ary shareho	ders of the	Company			Non-	
		Share	Treasury	Retained	Other		Perpetual		controlling	Total
Group	Note	capital	shares	earnings	reserves	Total	securities	Total	interests	equity
		S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Balance at 1 April 2024		638,762	(29,243)	653,171	(130,742)	1,131,948	251,534	1,383,482	37,483	1,420,965
Total comprehensive income										
for the year		-	-	245,141	(9,784)	235,357	-	235,357	1,524	236,881
Transactions with owners,										
recognised directly in equity										
Change in ownership interest										
in a subsidiary without a										
change in control	(a)	-	-	-	(8,124)	(8,124)	-	(8,124)	8,124	-
Acquisition of non-controlling										
interest	(b)	-	-	-	(9,035)	(9,035)	-	(9,035)	(8,360)	(17,395)
Transfer of capital reserve on										
disposal of subsidiaries	5.4(b)(iv)	-	-	(211,846)	211,846	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution of perpetual										
securities	5.5	-	-	(10,875)	-	(10,875)	10,875	-	-	-
Distribution paid on perpetual										
securities		-	-	-	-	-	(10,905)	(10,905)	-	(10,905)
Dividends paid to shareholders	5.6	-	-	(20,251)	-	(20,251)	-	(20,251)	-	(20,251)
Dividends paid to non-controlling	I									
interests in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,640)	(1,640)
Issuance of shares to employee	5.4(b)(iv)	-	189	-	(116)	73	-	73	-	73
Employee share option scheme:										
– Value of employee services	5.4(b)(i)	_	-	335	(585)	(250)		(250)		(250)
Total			189	(242,637)	193,986	(48,462)	(30)	(48,492)	(1,876)	(50,368)
Balance at 31 March 2025		638,762	(29,054)	655,675	53,460	1,318,843	251,504	1,570,347	37,131	1,607,478

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

	_	Attributa	able to ordin	ary sharehol	ders of the	Company			Non-	
		Share	Treasury	Retained	Other		Perpetual		controlling	Total
Group	Note	capital	shares	earnings	reserves	Total	securities	Total	interests	equity
		S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Balance at 1 April 2023		638,762	(29,516)	598,558	(77,620)	1,130,184	251,504	1,381,688	(7,390)	1,374,298
Total comprehensive income										
for the year		-	-	78,333	(10,756)	67,577	-	67,577	972	68,549
Transactions with owners,										
recognised directly in equity										
Acquisition of non-controlling										
Interest	(b)	_	_	_	(49,344)	(49,344)	_	(49,344)	49,344	_
Distribution of perpetual										
securities	5.5	_	_	(10,905)	_	(10,905)	10,905	_	_	_
Distribution paid on perpetual										
securities		_	_	_	_	_	(10,875)	(10,875)	_	(10,875)
Dividends paid to shareholders	5.6	_	_	(13,050)	_	(13,050)	_	(13,050)	_	(13,050)
Dividends paid to non-controlling										
interests in subsidiaries		_		_	_	_	_	_	(5,443)	(5,443)
Issuance of shares to employee	5.4(b)(iv)	_	273	_	(179)	94	_	94	_	94
Employee share option scheme:										
- Value of employee services	5.4(b)(i)	_	_	235	7,157	7,392	_	7,392	_	7,392
Total	-	-	273	(23,720)	(42,366)	(65,813)	30	(65,783)	43,901	(21,882)
Balance at 31 March 2024		638,762	(29,243)	653,171	(130,742)	1,131,948	251,534	1,383,482	37,483	1,420,965

Note

- (a) On 1 July 2024, Freight Management Holdings Pty Ltd ("FMH") issued shares to non-controlling shareholders pursuant to the terms of the FMH Group Long Term Incentive Plan, which represented approximately 2.9% of the issued share capital of FMH.
- (b) During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the acquisition of non-controlling interest in a subsidiary comprises the FMH shares purchased from non-controlling shareholders in December 2024 and March 2025, which were issued in (a) above.

In the preceding financial year, the acquisition of non-controlling interest in a subsidiary comprised the reserve for an obligation which arose from put options written with non-controlling shareholders of FMH. In November and December 2023, the put options were exercised for the acquisition of the remaining 12% equity interest in FMH and the related gross liabilities were transferred to other reserves. Following the acquisitions, FMH became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

	_	Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company					
Company	Note	Share capital	Treasury shares	Retained earnings	Other reserves	Total	
		S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	
Balance at 1 April 2024		638,762	(29,243)	598,697	36,094	1,244,310	
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	55,659	-	55,659	
Transactions with owners,							
recognised directly in equity	5.6			(20.254)		(20.254)	
Dividends paid to shareholders Issuance of shares to employee	5.6 5.4(b)(iv)	_	- 189	(20,251)	- (116)	(20,251) 73	
Employee share option scheme:	J.4(D)(IV)		103		(110)	/3	
- Value of employee services	5.4(b)(i) _	-	_	335	(1,734)	(1,399)	
Total	_	-	189	(19,916)	(1,850)	(21,577)	
Balance at 31 March 2025	_	638,762	(29,054)	634,440	34,244	1,278,392	
Balance at 1 April 2023		638,762	(29,516)	563,683	35,390	1,208,319	
Total comprehensive income							
for the year		-	-	47,829	208	48,037	
Transactions with owners,							
recognised directly in equity							
Dividends paid to shareholders	5.6	_	_	(13,050)	_	(13,050)	
Issuance of shares to employee Employee share option scheme:	5.4(b)(iv)	_	273	_	(179)	94	
- Value of employee services	5.4(b)(i) _		_	235	675	910	
Total	_	_	273	(12,815)	496	(12,046)	
Balance at 31 March 2024	_	638,762	(29,243)	598,697	36,094	1,244,310	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

	G	roup
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit after tax	245,093	81,476
Tront after tax	243,033	01,470
Adjustments for:		
Income tax expense	16,327	18,417
Impairment loss on trade and other receivables	628	1,913
Impairment of goodwill	77,858	_
Amortisation of contract liabilities	(1,854)	(8,639)
Amortisation of intangible assets	9,728	7,083
Depreciation	104,248	73,965
Fair value loss on put option redemption liabilities	4,559	2,592
Fair value gain on investment properties	(15,232)	(38,442)
Gain on derecognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities	(33)	(27)
Loss / (Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	499	(2,284)
Gain on sale of assets held for sale	_	(900)
Net gain on disposal of subsidiaries	(302,089)	_
(Reversal) / Recognition of share-based staff costs	(250)	7,392
Gain on derivative instrument	(282)	_
Finance expenses	52,052	30,367
Interest income	(10,918)	(11,514)
Fair value gain on contingent consideration	_	(1,106)
Recognition / (Reversal) of impairment loss in associated companies	1,717	(2,762)
Loss on deemed disposal / divestment of an associated company and a joint venture	188	147
Share of (profit) / loss of associated companies and a joint venture	(519)	1,543
	(63,373)	77,745
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	181,720	159,221
Changes in working capital, net of effects from acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries		
Inventories	66	654
Trade and other receivables	30,422	(3,941)
Trade and other payables	(125,524)	(31,594)
Cash generated from operations	86,684	124,340
and generated from operations	55,004	12 7,570
Income tax paid	(8,925)	(30,952)
Net cash provided by operating activities	77,759	93,388
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

	Group	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired (Note 6.3)	_	(97,730)
Deferred and contingent consideration paid in relation to		, , ,
acquisition of subsidiaries	(68,309)	(25,764)
Divestment of subsidiaries, net of cash disposed (Note 6.4)	640,268	_
Additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(51,088)	(55,210)
Dividends received from an associated company	195	293
Interest received	11,444	11,470
Proceeds from disposal of an associated company	964	_
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	4,643	8,434
Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale	_	12,600
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities	538,117	(145,907)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Acquisition of additional interest in existing subsidiary	(17,395)	(67,138)
Distribution paid to perpetual securities	(10,905)	(10,875)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(20,251)	(13,050)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	(1,640)	(5,443)
Finance expenses paid	(51,436)	(29,609)
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	(49,407)	(33,335)
Proceeds from bank loans and notes	73,232	228,518
Repayment of bank loans and notes	(318,392)	(35,507)
Net cash (used in) / provided by financing activities	(396,194)	33,561
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	219,682	(18,958)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	476,738	495,696
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	696,420	476,738

Significant non-cash transaction

During the preceding financial year ended 31 March 2024, the Group paid S\$1,707,965 to a former non-controlling shareholder (the "Claimant") of Famous Holdings Pte Ltd ("FHPL"), a subsidiary of the Group, which was offset against the Claimant Loan amounting to S\$4,810,000 (Note 3.3).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Singapore Post Limited (the "Company") is listed on the Singapore Exchange and incorporated and domiciled in Singapore. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is 10 Eunos Road 8, Singapore Post Centre, Singapore 408600.

The principal activities of the Company consist of the operation and provision of postal and parcel delivery services, eCommerce logistics and property. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions, provision of integrated supply chain and distribution services, freight forwarding and investment holding.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 6.5.

These financial statements were authorised for issue on 27 May 2025 in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of Singapore Post Limited.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the material accounting policy information, and are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s").

The financial statements are expressed in Singapore dollars.

1.2 Adoption of new and revised standards

In the current year, the Group and the Company have applied all the new and revised SFRS(I) Accounting Standards that are mandatorily effective for an accounting period that begins on or after 1 April 2024. Their adoption has not had any material impact on the disclosures or on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

1.3 Material accounting policy information

1.3.1 Group Accounting

Company's separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries and associates in the separate financial statements of the Company are carried at cost less any impairment in net recoverable value that has been recognised in profit or loss.

1.3.2 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

1.3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

1.3.2 Foreign currency transactions and translation (continued)

Transactions and balances

Transactions in a currency other than the functional currency ("foreign currency") are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Currency exchange differences from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the closing rates at the end of the reporting period are recognised in profit or loss. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. For such non-monetary items, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income. For equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"), exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income in the fair value reserve. In the consolidated financial statements, currency translation differences arising from net investment in foreign operations are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the currency translation reserve.

When a foreign operation is disposed of, the proportionate share of the accumulated currency translation differences is reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Translation of Group entities' financial statements

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) Assets and liabilities are translated at the closing exchange rates at the end of the reporting period;
- (ii) Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless the average is not a reasonable approximation of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) All resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the currency translation reserve. These currency translation differences are classified to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the entity giving rise to such reserve.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and translated at the closing rates at the end of the reporting period.

1.3.3 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION** (continued)

1.3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

1.3.3 Fair value measurement (continued)

Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of SFRS(I) 2 *Share-based Payment*, leasing transactions that are within the scope of SFRS(I) 16 *Leases*, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as value-in-use in SFRS(I) 1-36 *Impairment of Assets*.

Fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- a) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- b) Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- c) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

1.3.4 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets

All financial assets are recognised and de-recognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of financial assets is under a contract whose terms require delivery of assets within the time frame established by the market concerned.

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value (except for trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component which are measured at transaction price). Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION** (continued)

1.3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

1.3.4 Financial instruments (continued)

(i) Classification of financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVTOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') based on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories. The basis of classification and subsequent measurement of the financial assets are further described in the respective notes.

Measurement category	Criteria	Financial assets
Financial assets at amortised cost	Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3.1)
	amount outstanding ("SPPI")	Trade and other receivables (Notes 3.2 and 3.3)
		Other current and non-current assets (Note 3.5)
Financial assets at FVTPL	Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL	Derivative financial instruments (Note 4.3)
Equity instruments designated at FVTOCI	On initial recognition of certain equity instruments that are not held for trading, the Group has made an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present subsequent changes in the instruments' fair value in other comprehensive income	Financial assets (Note 4.4)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") on trade and other receivables that are measured at amortised cost. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The ECL incorporates forward-looking information and is a probability weighted estimate of the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Details about the Group's credit risk management and impairment policies are disclosed in Note 4.5(b).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

1.3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

1.3.4 Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

Financial liabilities and equity

(i) Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

(ii) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

(iii) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

1.3.5 Impairment of non-financial assets

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill recognised separately as an intangible asset is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is indication that the goodwill may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing of goodwill, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating-units or group of cash-generating-units ("CGU") expected to benefit from synergies arising from the business combination.

An impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of a CGU, including the goodwill, exceeds the recoverable amount of the CGU. The recoverable amount of a CGU is the higher of the CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

1.3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

1.3.5 Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

(a) Goodwill (continued)

The total impairment loss of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to the other assets of the CGU pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU.

An impairment loss on goodwill is recognised as an expense and is not reversed in a subsequent period.

(b) Trademarked brand with indefinite useful life

Trademarked brand with indefinite useful life is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is indication that the trademarked brand may be impaired.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when the carrying amount of the trademarked brand exceeds the recoverable amount of the acquired brand. The recoverable amount of the trademarked brand is the higher of a trademarked brand's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use.

(c) Other intangible assets (excluding goodwill and trademarked brand with indefinite useful life) Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets

Investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and a joint venture

Other intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures are tested for impairment whenever there is any objective evidence or indication that these assets may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount.

The difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss.

An impairment loss for an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying amount of this asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

A reversal of impairment loss for an asset other than goodwill is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION** (continued)

1.4 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

1.4.1 Critical judgements in applying the Group's material accounting policies

Apart from those involving estimations reported in Note 1.4.2, there are no critical judgements that management has made in the process of applying the Group's material accounting policies which has a significant effect on the amounts reported in the financial statements.

1.4.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of specific assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are related to the following areas, and further explained in the respective notes:

- Note 3.6 'Investment properties': Valuation of investment properties
- Note 3.9 'Intangible assets': Estimated impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets
- Note 4.5(b) 'Credit risk management': Calculation of loss allowance for trade and other receivables

Key sources of estimation uncertainty that are not specific to a note to the financial statements are detailed below:

Estimated impairment of other non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipment (Note 3.7), right-of-use assets (Note 3.8) and investments in subsidiaries (Note 6.1), associated companies and a joint venture (Note 6.2) are tested for impairment whenever there is any objective evidence or indication that these assets may be impaired. The recoverable amount of an asset, and where applicable, a CGU, is determined based on the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use calculation prepared on the basis of management's assumptions and estimates.

All impairment calculations demand a high degree of estimation, which include assessments of the expected cash flows arising from such assets and the selection of key assumptions. Changes to these estimates may significantly impact the impairment charges recognised.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025, impairment loss amounting to S\$1,717,000 (2024: S\$Nil) was recognised (Note 6.2).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

1.5 Significant transactions, events or conditions in the current reporting period

1.5.1 Sale of interest in SingPost Australia Investments Pty Ltd ("SPAI") and its subsidiaries ("SPAI Group")

In March 2025, the Group completed the disposal of its entire equity interest in SPAI Group. Following the completion, the Group will no longer hold any interest in SPAI and its subsidiaries, including Freight Management Holdings Pty. Ltd. ("FMH"). Consequently, the foreign subsidiaries are deconsolidated effective from 27 March 2025. Refer to Note 6.4 for further details.

2. GROUP PERFORMANCE

2.1 Segment information

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Group Chief Operating Officer and Group Chief Financial Officer (2024: Group Chief Executive Officer and Group Chief Financial Officer) ("Chief Operating Decision Maker" or "CODM") that are used to make strategic decisions.

From 1 April 2024, the Group's segment reporting has been changed to reflect the Group's new business structure to position each business unit in its market segments.

SingPost Group classifies the reporting of business units into three key business segments, namely Singapore, International and Australia.

- **Singapore** segment comprises domestic postal services including mail distribution and products and services transacted at the post offices; parcel distribution; eCommerce logistics and other value-added solutions; and property leasing.
- **International** segment comprises international cross-border distribution of mail and parcels, and logistics solutions including freight forwarding and warehousing services.
- **Australia** segment comprises fourth-party logistics services; third-party logistics solutions including transportation and distribution, and last-mile courier delivery; as well as warehousing services.

During the year, SPAI Group has been re-presented as discontinued operations in accordance with SFRS(I) 5 Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

All other segments comprising unallocated corporate overhead items are categorised as Others.

In line with the change in reporting structure of the Group as set out above, segment revenues and results for the previous financial year as well segment assets as at 31 March 2024 have been restated to conform to current year's presentation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.1 <u>Segment information</u> (continued)

(a) Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenues and results by reportable segments that were provided to the CODM for the financial years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

Crown		Intornational	Australia	Flinsinations	Tatal	All other	Tatal
Group	Singapore S\$'000	International S\$'000	Australia S\$'000	Eliminations S\$'000	Total S\$'000	segments S\$'000	Total S\$'000
	3\$000	3\$ 000	2\$000	3\$000	3\$ 000	3\$000	3\$000
Full year ended							
31 March 2025							
Revenue:							
– External	307,043	494,299	12,362	-	813,704	-	813,704
 Inter-segment 	19,652	24	166	(19,842)	-	_	_
	326,695	494,323	12,528	(19,842)	813,704		813,704
Onovating profit /							
Operating profit / (loss)	54,910	19,342	(1,753)	_	72,499	(28,164)	44,335
(1033)	34,510	15,542	(1,755)		72,433	(20,104)	44,555
Full year ended							
31 March 2024							
(restated)							
Revenue:							
– External	300,868	556,333	22,011	-	879,212	-	879,212
– Inter-segment	16,552	93	224	(16,869)	_	_	_
	317,420	556,426	22,235	(16,869)	879,212		879,212
.							
Operating profit / (loss)	44,123	23,473	(1,728)	_	65,868	(31,972)	33,896
(1033)	44,123	25,475	(1,720)	1	05,000	(31,312)	33,030
Discontinued opera	tions						SPAI
•							Group
							S\$'000
Group							
Full year ended							
31 March 2025							
Revenue:							
– External							1,115,780
Operating profit							41,629
Full year ended							
-							
31 March 2024							
31 March 2024 Revenue:							
							807,531

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.1 Segment information (continued)

(a) Segment revenues and results (continued)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the CODM is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

Reconciliation of Segment profits

The CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of operating profit, which is profit before interest, tax and share of results of associated companies and a joint venture. Interest income and finance expenses are not allocated to segments.

A reconciliation of operating profit to profit from continuing operations is provided as follows:

	(Group	
Continuing operations	2025	2024	
	S\$'000	S\$'000	
		(restated)	
Operating profit for reportable segments	72,499	65,868	
Operating loss for all other segments	(28,164)	(31,972)	
Exceptional items	222,160	37,668	
Finance expenses	(26,900)	(23,140)	
Investment income (net)	6,260	9,261	
Share of profit / (loss) of associated companies and a joint venture	519	(1,543)	
Profit before income tax	246,374	56,142	
Tax expense	(16,124)	(10,726)	
Profit after tax	230,250	45,416	

A reconciliation of operating profit to profit from discontinued operations is provided as follows:

		Group	
Discontinued operations	2025	2024	
	S\$'000	S\$'000	
		(restated)	
Operating profit for reportable segments	41,699	51,226	
Operating loss for all other segments	(70)	(198)	
Exceptional items	(2,585)	(835)	
Finance expenses	(25,152)	(7,227)	
Investment income (net)	1,154	785	
Profit before income tax	15,046	43,751	
Tax expense	(203)	(7,691)	
Profit after tax	14,843	36,060	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.1 Segment information (continued)

(b) Segment assets

The following is an analysis of the Group's segment assets as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 that were provided to the CODM:

	Singapore S\$'000	International S\$'000	Australia S\$'000	Total S\$'000	All other segments S\$'000	Total S\$'000_
Group						
31 March 2025 Segment assets	1,397,649	349,751	74,847	1,822,247	33,327	1,855,574
Segment assets include: Investment in associated companies	-	-	-	-	21,890	21,890
Intangible assets	3,939	86,259		90,198		90,198
31 March 2024 (restated) Segment assets	1,420,217	426,624	887,988	2,734,829	39,247	2,774,076
Segment assets include: Investment in associated companies Intangible assets	- 5,716	- 158,292	- 472,254	- 636,262	23,107	23,107 636,262

Reconciliation of segment assets

Reportable segments' assets are reconciled to total assets as follows:

Segment assets are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements. The CODM does not review statement of financial position items by reportable segments, but rather monitors them at the Group level. All assets are allocated to reportable segments other than derivative financial instruments and financial assets. Cash and cash equivalents are allocated to reportable segments where applicable.

	Group		
	2025	2024	
	S\$'000	S\$'000	
Segment assets for reportable segments	1,822,247	2,734,391	
Segments assets for all other segments	33,327	39,685	
Unallocated:			
Cash and cash equivalents	534,336	361,450	
Derivative financial instruments	514	402	
Total assets	2,390,424	3,135,928	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.1 <u>Segment information</u> (continued)

(c) Other segment information

	Singapore S\$'000	International S\$'000	Australia S\$'000	All other segments S\$'000	Total S\$'000
Group					
Continuing operations 2025					
Depreciation and amortisation	(29,235)	(5,849)	(816)	(1,940)	(37,840)
2024 (restated) Depreciation and amortisation	(32,104)	(8,134)	(1,144)	(1,892)	(43,274)
Depreciation and amortisation	(32,104)	(0,134)	(1,144)	(1,092)	(43,274)
Discontinued operations				5	SPAI Group S\$'000
2025 Depreciation and amortisation					(76,136)
					(', ', ',
2024 Depreciation and amortisation					(37,774)
2025 Additions to ⁽¹⁾ :					
– Property, plant and equipment	8,643	1,110	34,820	788	45,361
Right-of-use assetsIntangible assets	2,969	6,033	139,380 5,727	-	148,382 5,727
- Intangible assets			3,727		5,727
2024 (restated) Additions to ⁽¹⁾ :					
- Property, plant and equipment	24,746	1,861	21,647	2,224	50,478
Right-of-use assetsIntangible assets	2,527	1,965 -	28,090 4,732	_	32,582 4,732
Thangible assets			7,152		7,752

⁽¹⁾ Net of inter-segment elimination

In addition to the depreciation and amortisation reported above, there was an impairment loss of S\$1.7 million (2024: reversal of impairment loss of S\$2.8 million) recognised in respect of investments in associated companies and impairment loss of S\$77.9 million recognised in respect of goodwill (2024: S\$Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.1 Segment information (continued)

(c) Other segment information

These impairment (losses) reversals (net) were attributable to the following reportable segments:

	(Group
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
		(restated)
Singapore	(1,582)	_
International	(71,858)	_
Australia	(4,419)	_
All other segments	(1,717)	2,762
	(79,576)	2,762

(d) Revenue from major products and services

The Group's revenue from its major products and services are disclosed in Note 2.2.

(e) <u>Geographical information</u>

The geographical information is prepared based on the country in which the transactions are booked and across different business segments.

Group		
2025	2024	
S\$'000	S\$'000	
498,598	577,675	
46,581	843,235	
268,525	265,833	
813,704	1,686,743	
	2025 \$\$'000 498,598 46,581 268,525	

⁽¹⁾ Prior year included discontinued operations of S\$807,531,000.

The geographical information on the Group's non-current assets is not presented as it is not used for segmental reporting purposes.

(f) <u>Information about major customers</u>

Included in revenues arising from the International segment of \$\$494,299,000 (2024: \$\$556,333,000) are revenues of approximately \$\$102,973,000 (2024: \$\$173,119,000) derived from the Group's largest customer in the respective years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.2 Revenue

Revenue from external customers is derived from the provision of mail, logistics solution, agency and financial services and front-end ecommerce solutions.

					(Group
					2025	2024
					S\$'000	S\$'000
Continuing operations					207.042	200.000
Singapore					307,043	300,868
International					494,299	556,333
Australia					12,362	22,011
					813,704	879,212
Discontinued operations	S					
SPAI Group					1,115,780	807,531
A disaggregation of the Gr	oup's revenue fo	or the vear is a	as follows:			
				Group		
		2025			2024	
	Revenue from			Revenue		
	services	Sale of		from services	Sale of	
	rendered	products	Total	rendered	products	Total
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Caustinuiu u au austiau a						
Continuing operations	306,316	727	207 042	200.014	954	300,868
Singapore		727	307,043	299,914	954	
International	494,299		494,299	556,333		556,333
Australia	12,362	- 707	12,362	22,011		22,011
	812,977	727	813,704	878,258	954	879,212
Discontinued operations	-					
•			1 115 700	907 F21		007 F31
SPAI Group	1,115,780	_	1,115,780	807,531		807,531
Timing of revenue recog	ınition in resne	ect of revenu	e from cont	racts with cus	stomers (1)	
Timing of revenue recog	,c.on in respe	et of feverior	e irom com	races with eas	, conners	
Continuing operations						
At a point in time	5,913	727	6,640	7,293	954	8,247
Over time	757,103	-	757,103	827,965		827,965
	763,016	727	763,743	835,258	954	836,212
Discontinued operations	S					
Over time	1,115,780	-	1,115,780	807,531	_	807,531

⁽¹⁾ These disclosures under SFRS(I) 15 are not applicable to revenue from lease contracts amounting to S\$49,961,000 (2024: S\$43,000,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.2 Revenue (continued)

Further revenue information for each reportable segment under SFRS(I) 8 *Operating Segments* is disclosed in Note 2.1.

The Group applies the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of SFRS(I) 15 and does not disclose information about its remaining performance obligations if:

- the performance obligation is part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less; or
- the Group has a right to invoice a customer in an amount that corresponds directly with its performance to date, then it recognizes revenue in that amount.

Transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) as at the end of the reporting period relates to 'Advances received for post assurance collaboration'. Refer to Note 3.11 for further details.

Contract balances with customers and the related disclosures have been included in the following notes:

- a) Trade and other receivables (Note 3.2)
- b) Contract liabilities (Note 3.11)

Material accounting policy information

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognises revenue when it transfers control of a product or service to a customer.

(a) Post and Parcel

Revenue is recognised from post and parcel related activities which includes collecting, sorting, transporting and distributing domestic and international mail as well as sale of philatelic products, agency services, financial services and parcel deliveries in Singapore.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered to the customer and all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied which is the point when control of goods has transferred to the customer. Under the Group's standard contract terms, customers do not have a right of return.

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised when the services are rendered and the contracted performance obligation is satisfied. Such revenue can be recognised at a point in time or over time depending on when control of goods or services is transferred to the customer. The Group's delivery-related contracts may include variable consideration such as volume-based discounts or rebates. When consideration is variable, the estimated amount is included in the transaction price to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal of the cumulative revenue will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.2 Revenue (continued)

Material accounting policy information (continued)

(a) Post and Parcel (continued)

Fee commission is recognised for agency services provided for which the Group acts as an agent and has no control over specified goods/services.

Accrual for unearned revenue is made for stamps which have been sold, but for which services have not been rendered as at the end of the reporting period. This accrual is classified as "contract liabilities".

When the period between the recognition of revenue and payment by the customer exceeds one year, an adjustment is made to the transaction price for the time value of money. The Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to adjust the transaction price for the existence of significant financing component when the period between the transfer of control of good or service to a customer and the payment date is one year or less.

A contract liability is recognised when the Group has not yet performed under the contract but has received advanced payments from the customer. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue as the Group performs under the contract.

(b) Logistics

The Group provides eCommerce logistics, warehousing, fulfilment and distribution and freight forwarding services.

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised when the services are rendered.

Brokerage income from freight forwarding, being net of costs of premium against premium income is recognised at the effective date of the related insurance policies. Brokerage on premium adjustments is recognised when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved.

(c) Property

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

When a contract includes lease and non-lease components, the Group applies SFRS(I) 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* to allocate the consideration under the contract to each component.

Revenue from management services and advertising and promotion income are recognised on a straight-line basis over the service period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.3 <u>Labour and related expenses</u>

	Group						
		tinuing rations	Discontinued operations		Total		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	
Wages and salaries	165,089	161,077	74,210	84,560	239,299	245,637	
Employer's contribution to defined contribution plans including							
Central Provident Fund	19,394	18,293	24,700	14,809	44,094	33,102	
Share-based (credit) / expense	(1,399)	3,115	1,149	4,277	(250)	7,392	
Other benefits	5,875	4,711	5,528	3,766	11,403	8,477	
Temporary and contract staff cost	57,770	63,900	8,381	6,634	66,151	70,534	
Government grant	(5,785)	(76)	_	_	(5,785)	(76)	
_	240,944	251,020	113,968	114,046	354,912	365,066	

Material accounting policy information

a) Employee compensation

Employee benefits are recognised as an expense, unless the cost qualifies to be capitalised as an asset.

(i) Defined contribution plans

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into separate entities such as the Central Provident Fund, on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

(ii) Share-based compensation

The share-based compensation plans of the Group are accounted as equity-settled share-based payments. The value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of options is recognised as an expense in profit or loss with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve over the vesting period. The total amount to be recognised over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted on the date of the grant. Non-market vesting conditions are included in the estimation of the number of shares under options that are expected to become exercisable on the vesting date. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of shares under options that are expected to become exercisable on the vesting date and recognises the impact of the revision of the estimates in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to the share option reserve over the remaining vesting period.

When the options are exercised, the proceeds received (net of transaction costs) and the related balance previously recognised in the share option reserve are credited to the share capital account, when new ordinary shares are issued, or to the "treasury shares" account, when treasury shares are re-issued to the employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.4 <u>Volume-related expenses</u>

		Group							
	Continuing operations		Discontinued operations		Total				
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024			
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000			
Traffic expenses Outsourcing services and	276,905	330,545	703,631	440,103	980,536	770,648			
delivery expenses	101,980	113,835	128,534	124,565	230,514	238,400			
_	378,885	444,380	832,165	564,668	1,211,050	1,009,048			

2.5 <u>Administrative and other expenses</u>

		Group								
		Continuing operations		ntinued ations	Total					
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024				
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000				
Included in administrative and other expenses are the following:	40.040	7.072	5 275	000	45 204	0.064				
Professional services	10,019	7,972	5,375	992	15,394	8,964				
Repair and maintenance expenses	27,543	24,638	2,881	4,182	30,424	28,820				
Rental expenses / (credit)	2,995	3,282	(526)	7,249	2,469	10,531				
Supplies and services	27,029	27,146	17,190	19,112	44,219	46,258				

2.6 <u>Depreciation and amortisation</u>

	Group							
		Continuing operations		ntinued rations	Total			
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024		
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000		
Depreciation – property, plant and equipment								
(Note 3.7)	27,782	30,320	20,465	10,776	48,247	41,096		
Depreciation – right-of-use								
assets (Note 3.8)	9,862	12,758	46,139	20,111	56,001	32,869		
Amortisation of intangible								
assets (Note 3.9)	196	196	9,532	6,887	9,728	7,083		
-	37,840	43,274	76,136	37,774	113,976	81,048		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.7 <u>Exceptional items</u>

				oup			
		inuing rations		ntinued ations	т	Total	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	
Disposals:							
– (Loss) / Gain on disposal							
of property, plant and							
equipment	(1,328)	1,782	829	502	(499)	2,284	
- Gain on disposal of assets	(1,520)	1,702	023	302	(433)	2,201	
held for sale	_	900	_	_	_	900	
- Gain on disposal of		300				300	
right-of-use and lease							
liabilities	33	27	_	_	33	27	
- Gain on disposal of							
subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	302,089	_	_	_	302,089	_	
– Loss on deemed	•						
disposal / divestment							
of investments in							
associated companies							
and a joint venture	(188)	(147)	-	_	(188)	(147)	
Acquisitions:							
– Gain on contingent							
consideration	-	-	-	1,106	-	1,106	
Fair value gain / (loss):							
- Investment properties							
(Note 3.6)	15,232	38,442	-	_	15,232	38,442	
- Derivative instruments for							
hedging	282	-	-	_	282	_	
– Put option redemption							
liabilities (1)	(4,559)	(2,592)	-	_	(4,559)	(2,592)	
(Impairment charges) /							
Reversal of impairment							
charges ⁽²⁾							
 Associated companies 	(1,717)	2,762	-	_	(1,717)	2,762	
- Goodwill	(77,858)	-	-	_	(77,858)	_	
M&A related expenses	(693)	(3,506)	(2,475)	(2,443)	(3,168)	(5,949)	
Redundancy costs	(1,875)	_	-	_	(1,875)	-	
Restructuring expenses	(7,258)		(939)		(8,197)		
_	222,160	37,668	(2,585)	(835)	219,575	36,833	

⁽¹⁾ For the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the fair value loss on put option redemption liabilities relates to a put option granted to the non-controlling shareholders of Rotterdam Harbour Holding B.V., a subsidiary of Famous Holding Group.

For the preceding financial year, the fair value loss on put option redemption liabilities of S\$2,592,000 above included S\$1,531,000 loss recognised on the put options granted to non-controlling shareholders of FMH.

⁽²⁾ Total impairment charges amounting to \$\$79,575,000 (2024: reversal of impairment charges amounting to \$\$2,762,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.7 Exceptional items (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Exceptional items refer to items of income or expense within the income statement from ordinary activities that are of such size, nature or incidence that their separate disclosure is considered necessary to explain the performance of the Group for the financial year.

2.8 Investment income (net)

			Gro	oup		
	Continuing operations		Discontinued operations		Total	
	2025	2025 2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Interest income: – Bank deposits – Others	9,764	10,723	1,154	785 -	10,918	11,508
Currency exchange losses – net	9,764 (3,504)	10,729	1,154 -	785 -	10,918 (3,504)	11,514
_	6,260	9,261	1,154	785	7,414	10,046

Material accounting policy information

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost, and is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the debt instruments.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.9 <u>Finance expenses</u>

			Gr	oup		
		tinuing rations		ntinued rations	1	Гotal
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Interest expense:						
– Fixed rate notes	9,555	9,581	_	_	9,555	9,581
– Bank borrowings	14,771	11,607	13,211	2,486	27,982	14,093
– Interest on lease liabilities	961	1,010	11,569	4,741	12,530	5,751
 Significant financing 						
component						
from contracts with						
customers	207	422	-	_	207	422
Other borrowing costs	1,406	520	372		1,778	520
	26,900	23,140	25,152	7,227	52,052	30,367

Material accounting policy information

Borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method. Borrowing costs also include interest expense arising from lease liabilities.

2.10 <u>Income tax expense</u>

			Gr	oup		
		tinuing rations		ntinued ations	Total	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Tax expense attributable to profit is made up of:		11.010		0.557		00.500
Current income taxDeferred income tax	17,541	11,913	10,997	8,667	28,538	20,580
(Note 2.11)	(1,417)	509	(5,452)	2,110	(6,869)	2,619
	16,124	12,422	5,545	10,777	21,669	23,199
(Over)/ Under provision in preceding financial years:						
- Current income tax	(322)	(1,009)	(5,342)	(3,086)	(5,664)	(4,095)
 Deferred income tax 						
(Note 2.11)	322	(687)	-		322	(687)
_	16,124	10,726	203	7,691	16,327	18,417

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.10 <u>Income tax expense</u> (continued)

The tax expense on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the Singapore standard rate of income tax as explained below:

	Gr	oup
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Profit before income tax		
Continuing operations	246,374	56,142
Discontinued operations	15,046	43,751
	261,420	99,893
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 17% (2024: 17%) Effects of:	44,441	16,982
- Tax effect of share of results of associated companies		
and a joint venture	(88)	262
– Different tax rates in other countries	8,823	8,919
- Withholding tax deducted at source	133	1,881
- Singapore statutory stepped income exemption	(87)	(62)
– Tax incentive	(1)	(547)
– Income not subject to tax	(60,330)	(9,637)
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	28,135	7,854
- Utilisation of tax losses and capital allowances	(772)	(3,665)
– Deferred income tax assets not recognised	1,415	1,212
– Overprovision in preceding financial years	(5,342)	(4,782)
Tax charge	16,327	18,417

Taxation for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

In November 2024, Singapore enacted the Multinational Enterprise (Minimum Tax) Act 2024 and published the related subsidiary legislations to implement the Global Anti-Base Erosion Model Rules (Pillar Two) relating to top-up tax under the Income Inclusion Rule (IIR) and the Domestic Top-up Tax (DTT), both which took effect on 1 January 2025.

The Pillar Two effective tax rate ("ETR") is assessed on a jurisdictional basis and top up tax is payable if the jurisdictional ETR is below 15%. Transitional Country-by-Country Safe Harbour rules ("TCSH") have also been developed to provide temporary relief from compliance obligations during the initial implementation period. Under the TCSH, the top up tax for such jurisdiction is deemed to be zero if certain tests can be met for the selected jurisdiction.

Certain jurisdictions where the Group operates have implemented the Pillar Two legislation with effect from 1 January 2024. As at 31 March 2025, the Group expects that these jurisdictions will either meet the tests under TCSH or will not have significant entities where the jurisdictional ETR is less than 15%. Accordingly, no top-up tax has been recognised for the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

The Pillar Two legislation has also been enacted or substantively enacted in certain jurisdictions where the Group operates, but not in effect as at 31 March 2025. For these jurisdictions, the Group expects that they will either meet the tests under TCSH or will not have significant entities where the jurisdictional ETR is less than 15%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.10 Income tax expense (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Refer to Note 2.11.

2.11 Deferred income taxes

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same tax authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis. The amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown on the statements of financial position as follows:

	Gr	oup	Con	npany
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Deferred income tax assets	793	3,729		
Deferred income tax liabilities	21,593	61,701	20,741	19,997
Movement in the deferred income tax account is as follows:	DWS:			
		26.052	40.00=	22.524
Beginning of financial year	57,972	36,853	19,997	22,521
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3)	-	19,060	-	_
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	(29,438)	_	-	_
Tax (credited) / charged to profit or loss (Note 2.10)	(6,547)	1,932	744	(2,524)
Currency translation differences	(1,187)	127		
End of financial year	20,800	57,972	20,741	19,997

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses and capital allowances carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefits through future taxable profits is probable. The Group has unrecognised tax losses and capital allowance of S\$72,697,000 (2024: S\$114,725,000) at the end of the reporting period which can be carried forward and used to offset against future taxable income subject to meeting certain statutory requirements by those companies with unrecognised tax losses and capital allowances in their respective countries of incorporation. The tax losses and capital allowances have no expiry dates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.11 <u>Deferred income taxes</u> (continued)

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities is as follows:

Currency translation differences − (1,076) (1,418) (124) 728 703 End of financial year 18,052 3,307 (2,524) − (3,904) 5,869 2024 Beginning of financial year 22,833 15,540 (6,100) (1,971) (17,967) 24,518 Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) − 20,967 − − (20,967) 19,060 (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Company Accelerated tax depreciation six of tax depreciation six		ccelerated tax preciation		Provisions and other liabilities	Tax losses	Lease liabilities	Others	Net
Beginning of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (1,258) 29,227 75 111 (31,338) (3,338) Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4) (94) (62,484) 2,637 1,751 66,523 (37,771) Currency translation differences - (1,076) (1,418) (124) 728 703 End of financial year - (1,076) (1,418) (124) 728 703 End of financial year - (1,076) (1,418) (124) 728 703 End of financial year 22,833 15,540 (6,100) (1,971) (17,967) 24,518 Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) - 20,967 - - (20,967) 19,060 (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (29		S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Beginning of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (1,258) 29,227 75 111 (31,338) (3,338) Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4) (94) (62,484) 2,637 1,751 66,523 (37,771) Currency translation differences - (1,076) (1,418) (124) 728 703 End of financial year - (1,076) (1,418) (124) 728 703 End of financial year - (1,076) (1,418) (124) 728 703 End of financial year 22,833 15,540 (6,100) (1,971) (17,967) 24,518 Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) - 20,967 - - (20,967) 19,060 Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296								
year (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Cordited / Charged to profit or loss (1,258) 29,227 75 111 (31,364) (3,338) Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4) (94) (62,484) 2,637 1,751 66,523 (37,771) Currency translation differences — (1,076) (1,418) (124) 728 703 End of financial year 18,052 3,307 (2,524) — (3,904) 5,869 2024 Beginning of financial year (Note 6.3) — 20,967 — — (20,967) 19,060 Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences — (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year — 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 20,20 —	ing of financial							
Profit or loss Control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4) Control of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Control subsidiaries (Note 6.3)	ling of financial	19,404	37,640	(3,818)	(1,738)	(39,791)	46,275	57,972
Company Comp	9	(1 258)	29 227	75	111	(31 364)	(3 338)	(6,547)
Currency translation differences - (1,076) (1,418) (124) 728 703 End of financial year 18,052 3,307 (2,524) - (3,904) 5,869 2024 Beginning of financial year 22,833 15,540 (6,100) (1,971) (17,967) 24,518 Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) - 20,967 - - - (20,967) 184 (1,286) 2,993 Circedited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Company Accelerated depreciation six on six o	f control of							
differences — (1,076) (1,418) (124) 728 703 End of financial year 18,052 3,307 (2,524) - (3,904) 5,869 2024 Beginning of financial year 22,833 15,540 (6,100) (1,971) (17,967) 24,518 Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) — 20,967 — — 20,967) 19,060 (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Company Accelerated depreciation systom assets asse		(94)	(62,484)	2,637	1,751	66,523	(37,771)	(29,438)
Beginning of financial year 22,833 15,540 (6,100) (1,971) (17,967) 24,518	=	_	(1,076)	(1,418)	(124)	728	703	(1,187)
Beginning of financial year 22,833 15,540 (6,100) (1,971) (17,967) 24,518 Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) - 20,967 - - (20,967) 19,060 (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Company Accelerated tax depreciation \$\$\frac{\text{kipht-of-use}}{\text{asset}}\$\$\text{asset and other liabilities}\$\$\text{lease}\$\$\text{liabilities}\$\$\text{visions}\$\$\text{S000}\$\$\text{S000}\$\$ \$\$\$\text{\$	financial year	18,052	3,307	(2,524)	_	(3,904)	5,869	20,800
Beginning of financial year 22,833 15,540 (6,100) (1,971) (17,967) 24,518 Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) - 20,967 - - (20,967) 19,060 (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Company Accelerated tax depreciation \$\$\frac{\text{kipht-of-use}}{\text{asset}}\$\$\text{asset and other liabilities}\$\$\text{lease}\$\$\text{liabilities}\$\$\text{visions}\$\$\text{S000}\$\$\text{S000}\$\$ \$\$\$\text{\$								
year 22,833 15,540 (6,100) (1,971) (17,967) 24,518 Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) - 20,967 - - (20,967) 19,060 (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Accelerated tax depreciation s\$\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ t	ing of financial							
Accquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) - 20,967 (20,967) 19,060 (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 (Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) (End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 (Company) Accelerated tax depreciation S\$'000 S\$	iirig of iiriariciai	22 833	15 540	(6 100)	(1 971)	(17 967)	24 518	36,853
(Note 6.3) - 20,967 - - (20,967) 19,060 (Credited) / Charged to profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Company Accelerated tax depreciation Right-of-use assets Provisions and other liabilities Lease liabilities Others \$\$'000 \$\$'000 \$\$'000 \$\$'000 \$\$'000 \$\$'000 2025 Beginning of financial year 18,742 4,811 (341) (4,970) 1,755 Charged / (Credited) to profit or loss 715 (1,502) 46 1,492 (7) End of financial year 19,457 3,309 (295) (3,478) 1,748 2024 Beginning of financial year 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650)	ition of subsidiaries	22,033	13/3 10	(0)100)	(1/37.1)	(17/307)	2 1/3 10	30,033
profit or loss (3,428) 1,062 2,407 184 (1,286) 2,993 Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Accelerated tax Right-of-use depreciation \$		_	20,967	_	_	(20,967)	19,060	19,060
Currency translation differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Accelerated tax depreciation systems Right-of-use assets liabilities liabilit	ed) / Charged to							
differences (1) 71 (125) 49 429 (296) End of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275 Accelerated tax depreciation sylves Right-of-use and other liabilities and other liabilities with sylves Lease liabilities Others 2025 Beginning of financial year 18,742 4,811 (341) (4,970) 1,755 Charged / (Credited) to profit or loss 715 (1,502) 46 1,492 (7) End of financial year 19,457 3,309 (295) (3,478) 1,748 2024 Beginning of financial year (Credited) / charged to profit or loss 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481	t or loss	(3,428)	1,062	2,407	184	(1,286)	2,993	1,932
The provision of financial year 19,404 37,640 (3,818) (1,738) (39,791) 46,275	*							
Accelerated tax Right-of-use assets liabilities liabilities Others								127
Accelerated depreciation Right-of-use assets Provisions and other liabilities Lease liabilities Others S\$'000 S\$'000 S\$'000 S\$'000 S\$'000 S\$'000 S\$'000 2025 Beginning of financial year Charged / (Credited) to profit or loss 18,742 4,811 (341) (4,970) 1,755 Charged / (Credited) to profit or loss 715 (1,502) 46 1,492 (7) End of financial year 19,457 3,309 (295) (3,478) 1,748 2024 Beginning of financial year (Credited) / charged to profit or loss (2,050) (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)	financial year	19,404	37,640	(3,818)	(1,738)	(39,791)	46,275	57,972
tax depreciation Right-of-use assets and other liabilities Lease liabilities Others \$\$'000 \$\$'000 \$\$'000 \$\$'000 \$\$'000 \$\$'000 2025 Beginning of financial year 18,742 4,811 (341) (4,970) 1,755 Charged / (Credited) to profit or loss 715 (1,502) 46 1,492 (7) End of financial year 19,457 3,309 (295) (3,478) 1,748 2024 Beginning of financial year 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481 (Credited) / charged to profit or loss (2,050) (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)	any							
2025 Beginning of financial year Charged / (Credited) to profit or loss 715 (1,502) 46 1,492 (7) End of financial year 19,457 3,309 (295) (3,478) 1,748 2024 Beginning of financial year 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481 (Credited) / charged to profit or loss (2,050) (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)		tax	_	e and ot	her			
2025 Beginning of financial year 18,742 4,811 (341) (4,970) 1,755 Charged / (Credited) to profit or loss 715 (1,502) 46 1,492 (7) End of financial year 19,457 3,309 (295) (3,478) 1,748 2024 Beginning of financial year 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481 (Credited) / charged to profit or loss (2,050) (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)	d	•						Net S\$'000
Beginning of financial year Charged / (Credited) to profit or loss T15 (1,502) 46 1,492 (7) End of financial year T15 (1,502) 46 1,492 (7) T17 (1,502) T18 (1,502) T19 (1,502) T19,457		3\$000	3400	10 341	300	3\$000	3\$000	3\$000
Charged / (Credited) to profit or loss 715 (1,502) 46 1,492 (7) End of financial year 19,457 3,309 (295) (3,478) 1,748 2024 Beginning of financial year 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481 (Credited) / charged to profit or loss (2,050) (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)								
profit or loss 715 (1,502) 46 1,492 (7) End of financial year 19,457 3,309 (295) (3,478) 1,748 2024 Beginning of financial year 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481 (Credited) / charged to profit or loss (2,050) (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)	ing of financial year	18,742	4,81	1 (3	3 41)	(4,970)	1,755	19,997
End of financial year 19,457 3,309 (295) (3,478) 1,748 2024 Beginning of financial year (Credited) / charged to profit or loss 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481 (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)		715	(1.50	12)	46	1.492	(7)	744
2024 Beginning of financial year 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481 (Credited) / charged to profit or loss (2,050) (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)	_							20,741
Beginning of financial year 20,792 6,504 (1,606) (6,650) 3,481 (Credited) / charged to profit or loss (2,050) (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)	_		-,	,-	•	,	<u> </u>	· -
(Credited) / charged to profit or loss (2,050) (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)								
profit or loss (2,050) (1,693) 1,265 1,680 (1,726)	,	20,792	6,50	14 (1,6	506)	(6,650)	3,481	22,521
	<u> </u>	(2,050)	(1,69	3) 1,2	265	1,680	(1,726)	(2,524)
End of financial year <u>18,742</u> <u>4,811</u> (341) (4,970) <u>1,755</u>	financial year	18,742	4,81	1 (3	341)	(4,970)	1,755	19,997

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.11 Deferred income taxes (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

Current tax

The current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are not taxable or tax deductible.

Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted in countries where the Company and subsidiaries operate by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

A deferred income tax liability is recognised on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Except for investment properties measured using the fair value method, the measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequence that will follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model of the Group whose business objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. The Group has not rebutted the presumption that the carrying amount of the investment properties will be recovered entirely through sale.

Current and deferred income taxes are recognised as income or expenses in profit or loss, except to the extent that the tax arises from a business combination or a transaction which is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity), in which case the tax is also recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively). Deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.12 Earnings per share

(i) From continuing and discontinued operations

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, excluding treasury shares, during the financial year.

		Group
	2025	2024
Profit attributable to equity holders		
of the Company (S\$'000)	245,141	78,333
Less: Distribution to perpetual securities		
holders of the Company (S\$'000)	(10,875)	(10,905)
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders		
of the Company (S\$'000)	234,266	67,428
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding		
for basic earnings per share ('000)	2,250,076	2,249,917
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)		
- Excluding distribution to perpetual securities holders	10.41	3.00
– Including distribution to perpetual securities holders	10.89	3.48

(b) Diluted earnings per share

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, excluding treasury shares, are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company's dilutive potential ordinary shares are in the form of share options.

For share options, the weighted average number of shares on issue has been adjusted as if all dilutive share options were exercised. The number of shares that could have been issued upon the exercise of all dilutive share options less the number of shares that could have been issued at fair value (determined as the Company's average share price for the financial year) for the same total proceeds is added to the denominator as the number of shares issued for no consideration. No adjustment is made to the net profit.

There is no dilution of earnings per share for the financial years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.12 Earnings per share (continued)

(ii) From continuing operations

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to ordinary owners of the Company is as follows:

Earnings figures are calculated as follows:

	Group	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders		
of the Company (S\$'000)	234,266	67,428
Less: Profit from discontinued operations	(14,607)	(33,368)
Earnings for the purpose of calculating basic		
earnings per share from continuing operations	219,659	34,060
Basic and diluted earnings per share (cents per share)		
 Excluding distribution to perpetual securities holders 	9.76	1.51
- Including distribution to perpetual securities holders	10.25	2.00

The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings per share.

(iii) From discontinued operations

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the discontinued operations is 0.65 cents per share (2024: 1.48 cents per share) based on the profit for the year from the discontinued operations of S\$14.6 million (2024: S\$33.4 million) and the denominators detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings per share.

2.13 Discontinued operations

On 27 March 2025, the Group completed the disposal of its entire equity in SPAI Group.

The profit for the year from the discontinued operations is analysed as follows:

	Group	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Profit from SPAI Group attributable to owners of the Company	14,607	33,368

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

2. **GROUP PERFORMANCE** (continued)

2.13 <u>Discontinued operations (continued)</u>

The results of SPAI Group for the period from 1 April 2024 to 27 March 2025 are as follows:

Revenue \$\$*000 \$\$*000 Labour and related expenses (113,968) (114,046) Volume-related expenses (832,165) (564,668) Administrative and other expenses (47,413) (37,630) Depreciation and amortisation (76,136) (37,774) Selling-related expenses (4,929) (3,466) Impairment loss on trade and other receivables (363) (414) Operating expenses (1,074,974) (757,998) Other income 823 1,495 Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,591) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: 203 (7,691) Equity holders of the Company 14,607 <		Group	
Revenue 1,115,780 807,531 Labour and related expenses (113,968) (114,046) Volume-related expenses (832,165) (564,668) Administrative and other expenses (47,413) (37,630) Depreciation and amortisation (76,136) (37,774) Selling-related expenses (4,929) (3,466) Impairment loss on trade and other receivables (363) (414) Operating expenses (1,074,974) (757,998) Other income 823 1,495 Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692		2025	2024
Labour and related expenses (113,968) (114,046) Volume-related expenses (832,165) (564,668) Administrative and other expenses (47,413) (37,630) Depreciation and amortisation (76,136) (37,774) Selling-related expenses (4,929) (3,466) Impairment loss on trade and other receivables (363) (414) Operating expenses (1,074,974) (757,998) Other income 823 1,495 Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: 2 236 2,692 Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692		S\$'000	S\$'000
Volume-related expenses (832,165) (564,668) Administrative and other expenses (47,413) (37,630) Depreciation and amortisation (76,136) (37,774) Selling-related expenses (4,929) (3,466) Impairment loss on trade and other receivables (363) (414) Operating expenses (1,074,974) (757,998) Other income 823 1,495 Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit attributable to: 203 (7,691) Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Revenue	1,115,780	807,531
Administrative and other expenses (47,413) (37,630) Depreciation and amortisation (76,136) (37,774) Selling-related expenses (4,929) (3,466) Impairment loss on trade and other receivables (363) (414) Operating expenses (1,074,974) (757,998) Other income 823 1,495 Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit attributable to: 203 7,691 Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Labour and related expenses	(113,968)	(114,046)
Depreciation and amortisation (76,136) (37,774) Selling-related expenses (4,929) (3,466) Impairment loss on trade and other receivables (363) (414) Operating expenses (1,074,974) (757,998) Other income 823 1,495 Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Volume-related expenses	(832,165)	(564,668)
Selling-related expenses (4,929) (3,466) Impairment loss on trade and other receivables (363) (414) Operating expenses (1,074,974) (757,998) Other income 823 1,495 Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit attributable to: 203 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: 200 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Administrative and other expenses	(47,413)	(37,630)
Impairment loss on trade and other receivables (363) (414) Operating expenses (1,074,974) (757,998) Other income 823 1,495 Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Depreciation and amortisation	(76,136)	(37,774)
Operating expenses (1,074,974) (757,998) Other income 823 1,495 Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Selling-related expenses	(4,929)	(3,466)
Other income 823 1,495 Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Impairment loss on trade and other receivables	(363)	(414)
Operating profit 41,629 51,028 Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Operating expenses	(1,074,974)	(757,998)
Exceptional items (2,585) (835) Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Other income	823	1,495
Earnings before interest and tax 39,044 50,193 Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Operating profit	41,629	51,028
Investment income (net) 1,154 785 Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Exceptional items	(2,585)	(835)
Finance expenses (25,152) (7,227) Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Earnings before interest and tax	39,044	50,193
Profit before income tax 15,046 43,751 Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Investment income (net)	1,154	785
Income tax expense (203) (7,691) Profit after tax 14,843 36,060 Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company 14,607 33,368 Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Finance expenses	(25,152)	(7,227)
Profit after tax14,84336,060Profit attributable to:23633,368Equity holders of the Company2362,692Non-controlling interests2362,692	Profit before income tax	15,046	43,751
Profit attributable to:Equity holders of the Company14,60733,368Non-controlling interests2362,692	Income tax expense	(203)	(7,691)
Equity holders of the Company14,60733,368Non-controlling interests2362,692	Profit after tax	14,843	36,060
Non-controlling interests 236 2,692	Profit attributable to:		
	Equity holders of the Company	14,607	33,368
14,843 36,060	Non-controlling interests	236	2,692
		14,843	36,060

The carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of the SPAI Group at the date of deconsolidation are disclosed in Note 6.4.

The impact of the discontinued operations on the consolidated cash flows of the Group is as follows:

	Group	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Net cash provided by operating activities	137,218	62,392
Net cash used in investing activities	(129,421)	(146,504)
Net cash (used in) / provided by financing activities	(14,132)	81,875
Total cash flows used in discontinued operations	(6,335)	(2,237)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Cash at bank and on hand	576,031	213,851	414,654	100,628
Deposits with financial institutions	120,389	262,887	115,280	261,745
	696,420	476,738	529,934	362,373

Deposits with financial institutions earn interest ranging from 0.11% to 4.20% (2024: 3.74% to 4.40%) per annum. Tenure for these deposits range from 31 to 365 days (2024: 31 to 185 days).

Material accounting policy information

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and on hand, deposits with financial institutions which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3.2 Trade and other receivables – current

	Group		Cor	npany
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Trade receivables				
– Subsidiaries	-	_	54,019	44,465
– Companies related by a				
substantial shareholder	2,471	477	2,471	477
- Non-related parties	97,132	247,105	47,863	74,122
	99,603	247,582	104,353	119,064
Less: Allowance for impairment of				
receivables – non-related parties	(2,913)	(4,162)	(1,145)	(2,167)
Trade receivables – net	96,690	243,420	103,208	116,897
Non-trade receivables from subsidiaries		_	8,212	7,572
Staff loans (Note 3.4)	2	2	2	2
Interest receivable	472	999	472	999
Other receivables	3,029	8,009	2,652	3,925
	100,193	252,430	114,546	129,395

As at 1 April 2023, the Group's and Company's trade receivables arising from contracts with customers amounted to \$\$224.2 million (net of loss allowance of \$\$2.7 million) and \$\$111.2 million (net of loss allowance of \$\$1.2 million) respectively.

Trade and other payables (Note 3.10) due from non-related parties are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset as the balances relate to the same overseas postal administrators and the Group intends to settle its balances on a net basis.

Non-trade receivables from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.2 Trade and other receivables – current (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, less loss allowance.

Details about the Group's credit risk management and impairment policies are disclosed in Note 4.5 (b).

3.3 Trade and other receivables – non-current

	Group		o Compan	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Lagrata subsidiarias			247.007	264467
Loans to subsidiaries	-	_	217,087	264,467
Less: Allowance for impairment		_	(46,366)	(46,366)
	-	-	170,721	218,101
Claimant Loan	_	3,102	_	_
	425		425	125
Staff loans (Note 3.4)	135	135	135	135
	135	3,237	170,856	218,236

A loan to a subsidiary of S\$11,195,000 (2024: S\$11,195,000) is non-trade related, unsecured, interest bearing at Singapore Overnight Rate Average (SORA) plus 1.2% per annum and are not expected to be repayable within the next twelve months. The carrying amount of these loans approximate their fair value.

As at 31 March 2024, a loan to a subsidiary of S\$41,443,000 was non-trade related, unsecured, interest bearing at bank bill swap bid rate (BBSY) plus 1.38% per annum and payable in full on 29 March 2026. The carrying amount of the loan approximated its fair value. During the year, the remaining Claimant Loan was fully settled by way of offset against amounts payable to the Claimant.

Loans to subsidiaries of \$\$159,526,000 (2024: \$\$165,463,000) are non-trade related, unsecured, bearing fixed interests at 2.52% to 4.61% per annum (2024: 2.52% to 4.65% per annum) and not expected to be repayable in the next twelve months. The carrying amounts of the loans approximate their fair values (2024: the fair value of the loans is \$\$164,612,000). As at 31 March 2024, the fair value of the loans was computed based on cash flows discounted at the difference between market and existing borrowing rates of 3.177% to 3.678%. The fair value is within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

As at 31 March 2024, the Claimant Loan was related to an outstanding loan amount owed by a former non-controlling shareholder of FHPL. The loan was unsecured, interest bearing at 4.8% to 5.1% per annum. The carrying amount of the loan approximated its fair value. The loan was fully settled in the current financial year.

Material accounting policy information

Refer to Note 3.2.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

3.4 <u>Staff loans</u>

	Group and Company	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Not later than one year (Note 3.2)	2	2
Later than one year (Note 3.3)	135	135
– Between one and five years	2	2
– Later than five years	133	133
	137	137

3.5 Other assets

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Current				
Deposits	3,605	3,536	1,552	1,580
Prepayments	13,474	27,589	6,165	7,734
	17,079	31,125	7,717	9,314
Non-current				
Deposits	_	2,949	_	_
Prepayments	6,382	6,411	5,005	5,682
	6,382	9,360	5,005	5,682

3.6 Investment properties

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Beginning of financial year	1,002,341	965,771	983,645	953,033
Reclassification to property, plant and equipment (net)				
(Note 3.7)	(990)	(1,872)	(990)	(7,708)
Fair value gain recognised				
in profit or loss (Note 2.7)	15,232	38,442	15,079	38,320
End of financial year	1,016,583	1,002,341	997,734	983,645

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.6 <u>Investment properties</u> (continued)

As at 31 March 2025, the carrying value of right-of-use assets presented as investment properties was \$\$2.5 million (2024: \$\$2.4 million).

The following amounts are recognised in profit or loss:

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Rental and property-related income	70,353	61,896	69,166	60,509
Direct operating expenses arising from: - Investment properties that generated income	(18,438)	(16,058)	(18,026)	(14,749)

Material accounting policy information

Investment properties include those portions of commercial buildings that are held for long-term rental yields and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at fair value. Changes in fair values are recognised in the income statement for the period in which they arise.

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for accounting purposes.

At the end of the reporting period, the details of the Group's investment properties are as follows:

Location	Description / existing use	Tenure
10 Eunos Road 8, Singapore Post Centre	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 30 August 2081
10 Choa Chu Kang Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
373 Tanjong Katong Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
1 Killiney Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
396 Pasir Panjang Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
10 Palm Avenue	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

3.6 <u>Investment properties</u> (continued)

Location	Description / existing use	Tenure
350 Bedok Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
56 Tanglin Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
755 Upper Serangoon Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
5 Mandai Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
21 Ghim Moh Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 82 years expiring on 1 April 2076
1 Lim Ah Pin Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
70 Macpherson Road	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
54 Serangoon Garden Way	Building for commercial and retail.	Leasehold of 99 years expiring on 31 March 2091
3B Toh Guan Road East	Building for warehousing.	Leasehold of 30 + 30 years expiring on 31 August 2049
29 Tampines Street 92	Building for warehousing.	Leasehold of 30 + 30 years expiring on 1 January 2052
		Fair value measurements using
	Quoted in	prices Significant active other Significant
	marke	ets for observable unobservable
	identical	
	-	evel 1) (Level 2) (Level 3) S\$'000 S\$'000 S\$'000
2025Commercial and retail / ware	housing – Singapore	- 2,636 1,013,947
2024		
- Commercial and retail / ware	housing – Singapore	- 2,636 999,705

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.6 <u>Investment properties</u> (continued)

Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 fair values

Level 2 fair values of the Group's properties have been derived using the sales comparison approach. Sales proceeds of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size and timing of sale. The most significant input in this valuation approach is the selling price per square metre.

Valuation techniques used to derive Level 3 fair values

Level 3 fair values have been generally derived using capitalisation/income approach, discounted cash flow approach and/or direct comparison approach.

In the capitalisation/income approach, the net income of the property is capitalised for the balance term of the lease tenure at a yield rate which is appropriate for the type of use, tenure and reflective of the quality of the investment. The revenue is adjusted for outgoings such as property tax and also vacancies to arrive at net income.

The discounted cash flow approach involved the estimation and projection of the net rent over a period and discounting the future income stream to arrive at a present value. Net rent is the balance sum after deducting property tax, cost of repairs and maintenance and a reasonable percentage for vacancy from the gross rent.

There were no transfers in or out of fair value hierarchy levels for the financial years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements

The following table presents the valuation techniques and key inputs that were used to determine the fair value of investment properties categorised under Level 3:

Description	Fair value (S\$'000)	Valuation techniques	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
	2025			2025	
Group					
Building for commercial and retail (Singapore Post Centre)	897,210 (2024: 885,695)	Capitalisation/ income approach	Capitalisation rate	3.75 - 6.00% (2024: 3.75-6.00%)	The higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the valuation.
		Discounted cash flow approach	Discount rate	6.75 - 8.00% (2024: 6.78-8.00%)	The higher the discount rate, the lower the valuation.
Building for commercial and retail (12 (2024: 12) SLA Properties)	97,889 (2024: 95,314)	Capitalisation/ income approach	Capitalisation rate	4.50 - 4.75% (2024: 4.50-4.75%)	The higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the valuation.
Warehousing – Singapore	18,848 (2024: 18,696)	Capitalisation/ income approach	Capitalisation rate	6.75% (2024: 6.75%)	The higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the valuation.
		Direct comparison method	Adjusted price per square foot	\$197 - \$215 (2024: \$203-\$222)	The higher the adjusted price per square foot, the higher the valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.6 Investment properties (continued)

Valuation techniques used to derive Level 3 fair values (continued)

Description	Fair value (S\$'000)	Valuation techniques	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
	2025			2025	
Company					
Building for commercial and retail (Singapore Post Centre)	897,210 (2024: 885,695)	Capitalisation/ income approach	Capitalisation rate	3.75 - 6.00% (2024: 3.75-6.00%)	The higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the valuation.
		Discounted cash flow approach	Discount rate	6.75 - 8.00% (2024: 6.75-8.00%)	The higher the discount rate, the lower the valuation.
Building for commercial and retail (12 (2024: 12) SLA Properties)	97,889 (2024: 95,314)	Capitalisation/ income approach	Capitalisation rate	4.50 - 4.75% (2024: 4.50-4.75%)	The higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the valuation.
	995,099	- -			

The Group engages external, independent and qualified valuers to determine the fair value of the Group's properties at the end of every financial year based on the properties' highest and best use. As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the fair values of the Group's investment properties have been primarily determined by Knight Frank Pte Ltd.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Valuation of investment properties

The estimated fair values determined by independent professional valuers at the end of the reporting period may differ significantly from the prices at which these properties can be sold due to the actual negotiations between willing buyers and sellers as well as changes in assumptions and conditions arising from ongoing development of macroeconomic uncertainties and other unforeseen events. Consequently, the actual results and the realisation of these properties could differ significantly from the estimates disclosed in these financial statements.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

3.7 Property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold		Postal	Plant and	Motor	Capital work-in-	
	land	Buildings	equipment	machinery	vehicles	progress	Total
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Group							
2025							
Cost							
Beginning of financial year	83,788	376,122	48,281	211,136	89,885	16,119	825,331
Additions	-	-	-	14,373	17,687	13,301	45,361
Reclassifications from investment properties							
– At fair value (Note 3.6)	_	990	-	_	-	-	990
Loss of control of				((((
subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	-	(24)	- (5)	(91,266)	(59,475)	(11,596)	(162,337)
Disposals	_	(36)	(6)		(6,364)	(2,773)	(23,491)
Transfers	_	-	328	8,401	616	(9,345)	-
Currency translation differences	_	_	_	(4,243)	(2,723)	(404)	(7,370)
End of financial year	83,788	377,076	48,603	124,089	39,626	5,302	678,484
End of financial year	05,700	377,070	40,003	124,003	33,020	3,302	070,707
Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses							
Beginning of financial year	31,081	166,324	37,503	111,151	25,002	-	371,061
Depreciation charge	1,605	7,817	4,379	20,552	13,894	-	48,247
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	_	_	-	(27,486)	(13,629)	_	(41,115)
Disposals	-	(36)	(6)	(14,469)	(3,838)	-	(18,349)
Currency translation differences		_	_	(1,109)	(540)	_	(1,649)
End of financial year	32,686	174,105	41,876	88,639	20,889	_	358,195
Net book value							
End of financial year	51,102	202,971	6,727	35,450	18,737	5,302	320,289

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.7 <u>Property, plant and equipment</u> (continued)

Cost		Leasehold land S\$'000	Buildings S\$'000	Postal equipment S\$'000	Plant and machinery S\$'000	Motor vehicles S\$'000	Capital work-in- progress S\$'000	Total S\$'000_
Cost Beginning of financial year 82,216 375,599 48,046 183,732 50,659 6,756 747,008 Additions - - - 11,034 20,663 18,781 50,478 Reclassifications from investment properties - - - - - - - 1,872 Write off - - - (64) - (425) (489) Disposals - - - (63) (31,953) (3,356) - (35,372) Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) - - - 40,222 22,160 616 62,998 Transfers - 223 298 9,081 - (9,602) - Currency translation differences - - - (916) (241) (7) (1,164) End of financial year 83,788 376,122 48,281 211,136 89,885 16,119 825,331 Accumulated depreciation and accumulated im	Group							
Beginning of financial year 82,216 375,599 48,046 183,732 50,659 6,756 747,008 Additions - - - 11,034 20,663 18,781 50,478 Reclassifications from investment properties - - - - - - - 1,872 Write off - - - - - - - 1,872 Write off - - - - - - - 425) (489) Disposals - - - - - (64) - (425) (489) Disposals - - - - 40,222 22,160 616 62,998 Transfers - 223 298 9,081 - (9,602) - Currency translation differences - - - (916) (241) (7) (1,164) End of financial year 29,473 157,975 <td>2024</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	2024							
Additions — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Cost							
Write off - - - (64) - (425) (489) Disposals - - (63) (31,953) (3,356) - (35,372) Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) - - - 40,222 22,160 616 62,998 Transfers - 223 298 9,081 - (9,602) - Currency translation differences - - - (916) (241) (7) (1,164) End of financial year 83,788 376,122 48,281 211,136 89,885 16,119 825,331 Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses 8eginning of financial year 29,473 157,975 33,038 119,022 20,147 425 360,080 Depreciation charge 1,608 8,349 4,528 18,370 8,241 - 41,096 Write off - - - (64) - (425) (489) Disposals - -	Additions Reclassifications from	82,216 -	375,599 -	48,046 -				
Disposals (63) (31,953) (3,356) - (35,372) Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) 40,222 22,160 616 62,998 Transfers - 223 298 9,081 - (9,602) - Currency translation differences (916) (241) (7) (1,164) End of financial year 83,788 376,122 48,281 211,136 89,885 16,119 825,331 Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses Beginning of financial year 29,473 157,975 33,038 119,022 20,147 425 360,080 Depreciation charge 1,608 8,349 4,528 18,370 8,241 - 41,096 Write off (64) - (425) (489) Disposals (63) (26,009) (3,150) - (29,222) Currency translation differences (168) (236) - (404) End of financial year 31,081 166,324 37,503 111,151 25,002 - 371,061	- At fair value (Note 3.6)	1,572	300	_	_	_	_	1,872
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3)	Write off	-	-	-	(64)	-	(425)	(489)
Note 6.3)	Disposals	_	_	(63)	(31,953)	(3,356)	_	(35,372)
Transfers — 223 298 9,081 — (9,602) — Currency translation differences — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	·				40 222	22.160	616	62.008
Currency translation differences — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	,	_	223	208		22,100		02,990
differences - - - (916) (241) (7) (1,164) End of financial year 83,788 376,122 48,281 211,136 89,885 16,119 825,331 Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses Beginning of financial year 29,473 157,975 33,038 119,022 20,147 425 360,080 Depreciation charge 1,608 8,349 4,528 18,370 8,241 - 41,096 Write off - - - (64) - (425) (489) Disposals - - - (63) (26,009) (3,150) - (29,222) Currency translation differences - - - (168) (236) - (404) End of financial year 31,081 166,324 37,503 111,151 25,002 - 371,061			223	230	3,001		(3,002)	
Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses Beginning of financial year 29,473 157,975 33,038 119,022 20,147 425 360,080 Depreciation charge 1,608 8,349 4,528 18,370 8,241 - 41,096 Write off (64) - (425) (489) Disposals (63) (26,009) (3,150) - (29,222) Currency translation differences (168) (236) - (404) End of financial year 31,081 166,324 37,503 111,151 25,002 - 371,061		_	_	_	(916)	(241)	(7)	(1,164)
and accumulated impairment losses Beginning of financial year 29,473 157,975 33,038 119,022 20,147 425 360,080 Depreciation charge 1,608 8,349 4,528 18,370 8,241 - 41,096 Write off - - - (64) - (425) (489) Disposals - - - (63) (26,009) (3,150) - (29,222) Currency translation differences - - - (168) (236) - (404) End of financial year 31,081 166,324 37,503 111,151 25,002 - 371,061	End of financial year	83,788	376,122	48,281	211,136	89,885	16,119	825,331
Depreciation charge 1,608 8,349 4,528 18,370 8,241 - 41,096 Write off - - - (64) - (425) (489) Disposals - - (63) (26,009) (3,150) - (29,222) Currency translation differences - - - (168) (236) - (404) End of financial year 31,081 166,324 37,503 111,151 25,002 - 371,061 Net book value	and accumulated							
Write off - - - (64) - (425) (489) Disposals - - (63) (26,009) (3,150) - (29,222) Currency translation differences - - - (168) (236) - (404) End of financial year 31,081 166,324 37,503 111,151 25,002 - 371,061 Net book value	Beginning of financial year	29,473	157,975	33,038	119,022	20,147	425	360,080
Disposals - - (63) (26,009) (3,150) - (29,222) Currency translation differences - - - (168) (236) - (404) End of financial year 31,081 166,324 37,503 111,151 25,002 - 371,061		1,608	8,349	4,528	18,370	8,241	_	
Currency translation differences - - - (168) (236) - (404) End of financial year 31,081 166,324 37,503 111,151 25,002 - 371,061 Net book value	Write off	-	_	_	(64)	-	(425)	(489)
differences - - - (168) (236) - (404) End of financial year 31,081 166,324 37,503 111,151 25,002 - 371,061 Net book value	•	-	-	(63)	(26,009)	(3,150)	-	(29,222)
End of financial year 31,081 166,324 37,503 111,151 25,002 - 371,061 Net book value	-	_	_	_	(168)	(236)	_	(404)
		31,081	166,324	37,503			_	
	Nat book valus							
		52.707	209.798	10.778	99.985	64,883	16,119	454.270

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

3.7 <u>Property, plant and equipment</u> (continued)

	Leasehold		Postal	Plant and	Motor	Capital work-in-	
	land	_	equipment	•	vehicles	progress	Total
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Company							
2025							
Cost							
Beginning of financial year	64,886	231,784	64,817	136,615	32,108	7,662	537,872
Additions							
Reclassifications from				45.4	F 04F	4.450	0.604
investment properties		000		454	5,015	4,152	9,621
– At fair value (Note 3.6)	-	990	- (a)	- (42.472)	- (2.00 <u>-</u>)	(450)	990
Disposals	-	(36)			(3,097)	(478)	(17,090)
Transfers			328	8,296		(8,624)	
End of financial year	64,886	232,738	65,139	131,892	34,026	2,712	531,393
Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses							
Beginning of financial year	23,283	107,545	37,502	111,941	18,991	-	299,262
Depreciation charge	786	3,480	4,379	9,557	2,840	-	21,042
Disposals		(36)	(6)	(12,788)	(3,005)	-	(15,835)
End of financial year	24,069	110,989	41,875	108,710	18,826	-	304,469
Net book value							
End of financial year	40,817	121,749	23,264	23,182	15,200	2,712	226,924

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.7 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Leasehold		Postal	Plant and	Motor	Capital work-in-	
	land	Buildings	equipment	machinery	vehicles	progress	Total
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Company							
2024							
Cost							
Beginning of financial year	62,134	226,591	64,582	150,081	27,356	1,712	532,456
Additions	_	_	-	2,511	7,876	15,977	26,364
Reclassifications from							
investment properties							
 At fair value (Note 3.6) 	2,752	4,956	_	-	_	_	7,708
Write-off	_	_	-	_	_	(425)	(425)
Disposals	_	_	(63)	(25,044)	(3,124)	_	(28,231)
Transfers		237	298	9,067	_	(9,602)	
End of financial year	64,886	231,784	64,817	136,615	32,108	7,662	537,872
Accumulated depreciation							
and accumulated							
impairment losses							
Beginning of financial year	22,494	104,090	33,038	123,839	18,829	425	302,715
Depreciation charge	789	3,455	4,527	10,180	3,048	-	21,999
Disposals	_	_	(63)	(22,078)	(2,886)	_	(25,027)
Write-off						(425)	(425)
End of financial year	23,283	107,545	37,502	111,941	18,991	_	299,262
Net book value							
End of financial year	41,603	124,239	27,315	24,674	13,117	7,662	238,610

Canital

Material accounting policy information

(a) Measurement

All property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment initially recognised includes its purchase price and any cost that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. The projected cost of dismantlement, removal or restoration is also recognised as part of the cost of property, plant and equipment if the obligation for the dismantlement, removal or restoration is incurred as a consequence of acquiring the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.7 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Material accounting policy information (continued)

(b) Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their depreciable amounts over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	<u>Useful lives</u>
Leasehold land	30 to 99 years
Buildings	5 to 50 years
Postal equipment	3 to 20 years
Plant and machinery	3 to 20 years
Motor vehicles	5 to 15 years

Capital work-in-progress, representing costs of property, plant and equipment which have not been commissioned for use, is not depreciated.

The residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

(c) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment that has already been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance expense is recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

(d) Disposal

On disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

(e) Transfer

A transfer from property, plant and equipment to investment properties is fair valued at the date of transfer and the difference between fair value and the previous carrying amount is accounted for as an asset revaluation surplus or deficit in equity. Increases in carrying amounts arising from revaluation, including currency translation differences, are recognised in other comprehensive income, unless there was an impairment loss recognised for the same property in prior years and a portion of the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent of that impairment loss. Decreases are recognised in profit or loss for any decrease in excess of the amount included in the revaluation surplus for that property.

Refer to Note 3.6 for the accounting policy on the transfer from investment properties to property, plant and equipment.

(f) Impairment

Refer to Note 1.3.5 for the accounting policy on impairment of property, plant and equipment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

3.8 Leases (Group as a lessee)

3.8.1 Right-of-use assets

	Properties S\$'000	Motor vehicles S\$'000	Equipment S\$'000	Total S\$'000
Group				
2025				
Cost				
Beginning of financial year	206,077	1,244	8,988	216,309
Additions Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	145,846 (255,885)	1,754	782 (7,664)	148,382 (263,549)
Disposals	(40,582)	(169)	(848)	(41,599)
Currency translation differences	(8,786)	59	(434)	(9,161)
End of financial year	46,670	2,888	824	50,382
Accumulated depreciation				
Beginning of financial year	74,081	699	1,521	76,301
Depreciation charge	53,335	885	1,781	56,001 (53,473)
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4) Disposals	(51,520) (40,148)	(160)	(1,653) (847)	(53,173) (41,155)
Currency translation differences	(4,366)	(100)	(377)	(4,737)
End of financial year	31,382	1,430	425	33,237
Net book value				
End of financial year	15,288	1,458	399	17,145
2024				
Cost	1000.40	0.454	1.050	100.055
Cost Beginning of financial year	130,342	2,151	1,363	133,856
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3)	63,300	_	6,592	69,892
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Additions	63,300 30,680	- 724	6,592 1,178	69,892 32,582
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3)	63,300	- 724 (1,269)	6,592	69,892
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Additions Disposals	63,300 30,680 (17,313)	- 724	6,592 1,178 (389)	69,892 32,582
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Additions Disposals Transfers	63,300 30,680 (17,313) 24	- 724 (1,269) (357)	6,592 1,178 (389) 333	69,892 32,582 (18,971) -
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Additions Disposals Transfers Currency translation differences	63,300 30,680 (17,313) 24 (956)	- 724 (1,269) (357) (5)	6,592 1,178 (389) 333 (89)	69,892 32,582 (18,971) - (1,050)
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Additions Disposals Transfers Currency translation differences End of financial year Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year	63,300 30,680 (17,313) 24 (956) 206,077	724 (1,269) (357) (5) 1,244	6,592 1,178 (389) 333 (89) 8,988	69,892 32,582 (18,971) - (1,050) 216,309
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Additions Disposals Transfers Currency translation differences End of financial year Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year Depreciation charge	63,300 30,680 (17,313) 24 (956) 206,077	724 (1,269) (357) (5) 1,244 1,487 576	6,592 1,178 (389) 333 (89) 8,988	69,892 32,582 (18,971) - (1,050) 216,309 62,291 32,869
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Additions Disposals Transfers Currency translation differences End of financial year Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year Depreciation charge Disposals	63,300 30,680 (17,313) 24 (956) 206,077 59,490 31,764 (16,060)	724 (1,269) (357) (5) 1,244 1,487 576 (1,269)	6,592 1,178 (389) 333 (89) 8,988 1,314 529 (389)	69,892 32,582 (18,971) - (1,050) 216,309
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Additions Disposals Transfers Currency translation differences End of financial year Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year Depreciation charge Disposals Transfers	63,300 30,680 (17,313) 24 (956) 206,077 59,490 31,764 (16,060) 7	1,487 576 (1,269) (357) (5) 1,244	6,592 1,178 (389) 333 (89) 8,988 1,314 529 (389) 94	69,892 32,582 (18,971) - (1,050) 216,309 62,291 32,869 (17,718)
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Additions Disposals Transfers Currency translation differences End of financial year Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year Depreciation charge Disposals	63,300 30,680 (17,313) 24 (956) 206,077 59,490 31,764 (16,060)	724 (1,269) (357) (5) 1,244 1,487 576 (1,269)	6,592 1,178 (389) 333 (89) 8,988 1,314 529 (389)	69,892 32,582 (18,971) - (1,050) 216,309 62,291 32,869
Cost Beginning of financial year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3) Additions Disposals Transfers Currency translation differences End of financial year Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year Depreciation charge Disposals Transfers Currency translation differences Currency translation differences	63,300 30,680 (17,313) 24 (956) 206,077 59,490 31,764 (16,060) 7 (1,120)	1,487 576 (1,269) (357) (5) 1,244	6,592 1,178 (389) 333 (89) 8,988 1,314 529 (389) 94 (27)	69,892 32,582 (18,971) - (1,050) 216,309 62,291 32,869 (17,718) - (1,141)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

- 3.8 Leases (Group as a lessee) (continued)
 - 3.8.1 Right-of-use assets (continued)

S\$*000 S\$*0000 S\$*00000 S\$*00000 S\$*00000 S\$*000000 S\$*00000000 S\$*000000000000000000000000000000		Properties	Motor vehicles	Equipment	Total
Cost Beginning of financial year 54,702 521 184 55,407 Additions 1,804 992 429 3,225 Disposals (9,350) (104) (160) (9,614) End of financial year 47,156 1,409 453 49,018 Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 Depreciation charge 10,720 738 130 11,588 Disposals (9,058) (104) (156) (9,318) End of financial year 28,410 828 135 29,373 Net book value End of financial year 18,746 581 318 19,645 Cost Beginning of financial year 58,243 826 344 59,413 Ack Beginning of financial year 2,898 520 25 3,443 Disposals (6,439) (825)		=			
Cost Beginning of financial year 54,702 521 184 55,407 Additions 1,804 992 429 3,225 Disposals (9,350) (104) (160) (9,614) End of financial year 47,156 1,409 453 49,018 End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 End of financial year 28,410 828 135 29,373 End of financial year 28,410 828 135 29,373 End of financial year 28,410 828 135 29,373 End of financial year 28,410 828 318 19,645 End of financial year 58,243 826 344 59,413 43,434	Company				
Beginning of financial year 54,702 521 184 55,407 Additions 1,804 992 429 3,225 Disposals (9,350) (104) (160) (9,614) End of financial year 47,156 1,409 453 49,018 Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 Depreciation charge 10,720 738 130 11,588 Disposals (9,058) (104) (156) (9,318) End of financial year 28,410 828 135 29,373 Net book value End of financial year 18,746 581 318 19,645 End of financial year 58,243 826 344 59,413 Additions 2,898 520 25 3,443 Disposals (6,439) (825) (185) (7,449) End of financial year 20,200 715 239 21,154 <	2025				
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End of financial year 18,746 581 318 19,645 2024 Cost Beginning of financial year 58,243 826 344 59,413 Additions 2,898 520 25 3,443 Disposals (6,439) (825) (185) (7,449) End of financial year 54,702 521 184 55,407 Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year 20,200 715 239 21,154 Depreciation charge 12,788 304 107 13,199 Disposals (6,240) (825) (185) (7,250) End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 Net book value	Net hook value				
Cost Beginning of financial year 58,243 826 344 59,413 Additions 2,898 520 25 3,443 Disposals (6,439) (825) (185) (7,449) End of financial year 54,702 521 184 55,407 Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year 20,200 715 239 21,154 Depreciation charge 12,788 304 107 13,199 Disposals (6,240) (825) (185) (7,250) End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 Net book value		18,746	581	318	19,645
Cost Beginning of financial year 58,243 826 344 59,413 Additions 2,898 520 25 3,443 Disposals (6,439) (825) (185) (7,449) End of financial year 54,702 521 184 55,407 Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year 20,200 715 239 21,154 Depreciation charge 12,788 304 107 13,199 Disposals (6,240) (825) (185) (7,250) End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 Net book value	•				
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End of financial year 54,702 521 184 55,407 Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year 20,200 715 239 21,154 Depreciation charge 12,788 304 107 13,199 Disposals (6,240) (825) (185) (7,250) End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 Net book value	Additions	2,898	520	25	3,443
Accumulated depreciation Beginning of financial year 20,200 715 239 21,154 Depreciation charge 12,788 304 107 13,199 Disposals (6,240) (825) (185) (7,250) End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 Net book value	·	(6,439)	(825)	(185)	(7,449)
Beginning of financial year 20,200 715 239 21,154 Depreciation charge 12,788 304 107 13,199 Disposals (6,240) (825) (185) (7,250) End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 Net book value	End of financial year	54,702	521	184	55,407
Beginning of financial year 20,200 715 239 21,154 Depreciation charge 12,788 304 107 13,199 Disposals (6,240) (825) (185) (7,250) End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 Net book value					
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End of financial year 26,748 194 161 27,103 Net book value	-				
Net book value	·	-			
End of financial year 27,954 327 23 28,304	Net book value				
	End of financial year	27,954	327	23	28,304

The Group and Company lease several properties, motor vehicles and equipment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3.8.2

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

3.8 Leases (Group as a lessee) (continued)

3.8.1 Right-of-use assets (continued)

In addition, certain right-of-use assets are secured by the Group and Company with no future payments required and are presented within property, plant and equipment (Note 3.7). The carrying amounts of such assets are as follows:

	(Company		
		Depreciation		Depreciation
	Carrying	during the	Carrying	during the
	amount	year	amount	year
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
2025				
Leasehold land	51,102	1,605	40,817	786
Plant and machinery	3,619	193	65	12
Total	54,721	1,798	40,882	798
2024				
Leasehold land	52,707	1,608	41,603	789
Plant and machinery	3,812	193	77	12
Total	56,519	1,801	41,680	801
<u>Lease liabilities</u>				
	(Group	Со	mpany
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Lease liabilities				
- Current	7,197	43,137	8,435	11,060
– Non-current	13,476	105,532	12,024	18,175
	20,673	148,669	20,459	29,235

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

3.8 Leases (Group as a lessee) (continued)

Material accounting policy information

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed. The Group has elected to not separate lease and non-lease component for property leases and account these as one single lease component.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lessee.

The incremental borrowing rate depends on the term, currency and start date of the lease, and is determined based on a series of inputs including: the risk-free rate based on government bond rates; a country-specific risk adjustment; a credit risk adjustment based on bond yields; and an entity-specific adjustment when the risk profile of the entity that enters into the lease is different to that of the Group and the lease does not benefit from a quarantee from the Group.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the Group's lease liabilities comprise mainly of fixed lease.

A right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost comprising the initial lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date (less any lease incentives received), any initial direct costs and any restoration costs. The right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease terms commencing from the date of the lease, and are tested for impairment in accordance with the policy as disclosed in Note 1.3.5.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made. Lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate when there is a change in the lease term upon exercising extension options not previously included in the determination of the lease term. A corresponding adjustment is made to the related right-of-use asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

3.9 <u>Intangible assets</u>

	G	roup
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Composition:		
Goodwill on acquisitions (Note (a))	89,527	492,466
Customer relationships (Note (b))	561	47,197
Acquired software licences (Note (c))	77	24,743
Trademarked brands (Note (d))	33	71,856
	90,198	636,262
(a) Goodwill on acquisitions		
	G	roup
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Cost		
Beginning of financial year	513,066	436,259
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3)	_	78,154
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	(314,176)	_
Currency translation differences	(10,905)	(1,347)
End of financial year	187,985	513,066
Accumulated impairment	(22.222)	(0.0.600)
Beginning of financial year	(20,600)	(20,600)
Impairment charge (Note 2.7)	(77,858)	
End of financial year	(98,458)	(20,600)
Net book value	89,527	492,466

As at 31 March 2025, goodwill arising from acquisition of subsidiaries (net of impairment) is allocated to the Group's two (2024: five) cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units as follows:

	Group	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Quantium Solutions International group	-	77,858
Famous Holdings group	86,259	86,433
Freight Management Holdings group	-	260,205
Couriers Please Holdings group	-	64,702
Parcel Santa Pte Ltd	3,268	3,268
	89,527	492,466

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.9 <u>Intangible assets</u> (continued)

(a) Goodwill on acquisitions (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses represents the excess of (i) the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over (ii) the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired.

Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is recognised separately as intangible assets and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy as disclosed in Note 1.3.5(a).

Goodwill on acquisitions of associated companies and joint ventures represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired and is included in the carrying amount of the investments.

Gains and losses on the disposal of subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

(b) Customer relationships

	Group		
	2025	2024	
	S\$'000	S\$'000	
Cost			
Beginning of financial year	58,232	27,651	
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3)	-	30,572	
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	(55,343)	_	
Currency translation differences	(1,907)	9	
End of financial year	982	58,232	
•			
Accumulated amortisation and impairment			
Beginning of financial year	(11,035)	(6,393)	
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	16,841	_	
Amortisation charge	(6,227)	(4,642)	
End of financial year	(421)	(11,035)	
•		, /	
Net book value	561	47,197	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.9 Intangible assets (continued)

(b) Customer relationships (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Customer relationships acquired in business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. The customer relationships have finite useful lives and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method over 6 to 17 years, which is the expected lives of the customer relationships. Refer to Note 1.3.5(c) on accounting policy for impairment.

(c) Acquired software licences

	Group	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Cost		
Beginning of financial year	30,250	18,799
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3)	-	6,726
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	(34,899)	_
Additions	5,727	4,732
Currency translation differences	(884)	(7)
End of financial year	194	30,250
,		·
Accumulated amortisation and impairment		
Beginning of financial year	(5,507)	(3,490)
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	8,473	_
Amortisation charge	(3,083)	(2,017)
End of financial year	(117)	(5,507)
•		•
Net book value	77	24,743

Material accounting policy information

Acquired software licence is initially capitalised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. These costs are amortised to profit or loss using the straight-line method over the licence term or the estimated useful lives of 1 to 10 years. Refer to Note 1.3.5(c) on accounting policy for impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.9 <u>Intangible assets</u> (continued)

(d) Trademarked brands

	Group	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Cost		
Beginning of financial year	72,882	49,334
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3)	_	23,934
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	(69,507)	_
Currency translation differences	(3,291)	(386)
End of financial year	84	72,882
Accumulated amortisation and impairment		
Beginning of financial year	(1,026)	(602)
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	1,393	_
Amortisation charge	(418)	(424)
End of financial year	(51)	(1,026)
·		
Net book value	33	71,856

As at 31 March 2024, trademarked brands with indefinite useful lives amounting to S\$35,188,000 and S\$35,540,000 are included in the Couriers Please Holdings group and Freight Management Holdings group respectively.

Material accounting policy information

Trademarked brands acquired as part of business combinations are recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date.

The trademarked brands with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method over 5 years. Refer to Note 1.3.5(c) on accounting policy for impairment.

The trademarked brands with indefinite useful lives are not amortised and are subsequently tested for impairment annually as disclosed in Note 1.3.5(b).

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimated impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets

Goodwill and trademarked brands with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is indication that goodwill and trademarked brands may be impaired. The recoverable amount of goodwill and trademarked brands, and where applicable, a CGU, is determined based on the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use calculations prepared on the basis of management's assumptions and estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

3.9 Intangible assets (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

Estimated impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets (continued)

When value-in-use calculations are undertaken, the Group uses discounted cash flow projections based on approved financial budgets covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using the estimated growth rates stated below.

Key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations for goodwill include:

	Quantium Solutions	3		Couriers Please	Parcel
	International	Holdings	Holdings	Holdings	Santa
	Group	Group	Group	Group	Pte Ltd
2025					
Terminal growth rate	2.5%	1.4%	N.A.	N.A.	2.5%
Discount rate	8.6%	8.2%	N.A.	N.A.	8.0%
2024					
Terminal growth rate	2.5%	1.4%	2.3%	2.3%	2.5%
Discount rate	9.3%	9.0%	10.0%	7.8%	8.7%

As at 31 March 2025, management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amounts of the CGUs were based would not cause the carrying amount to exceed the recoverable amount of the related group of CGUs, except for Quantium Solutions International Group for which the related goodwill has been fully impaired in the current financial year.

Significant judgements are used to estimate the terminal growth rates and discount rates applied in computing the recoverable amounts of the different CGUs. In making these estimates, management has relied on past performance, its expectations of the future developments of the various businesses and market (including the impact arising from geopolitical tensions and rising interest rates) and publicly available industry and economic data

Other intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any objective evidence of indication that these assets may be impaired.

All impairment calculations demand a high degree of estimation, which include assessments of the expected cash flows arising from such assets and the selection of key assumptions. Changes to these estimates may significantly impact the impairment charges recognised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

3.10 <u>Trade and other payables</u>

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Current				
<u>Current</u> Trade payables				
- Subsidiaries	_		46,963	42,171
- Companies related by a substantial shareholder	- 864	- 1,218	40,963 863	1,203
Non-related parties	204,022	350,344	176,253	274,575
- Noti-Telated parties	204,886	351,562	224,079	317,949
	204,000	331,302	224,073	317,343
Other payables to subsidiaries (Note (a))	_	_	183,456	_
Accrual for other operating expenses	41,927	99,480	45,300	54,085
Contingent consideration payable (Note (b))	_	13,196	_	_
Deferred consideration (Note (b))	_	53,703	_	_
Provision for restructuring (Note (c))	5,580	379	855	_
Provision for reinstatement costs (Note (d))	862	2,685	680	719
Put option redemption liabilities (Note (f) (i))	12,332	_	-	_
Customers' deposits	5,788	5,557	5,788	5,557
Collections on behalf of third parties	2,600	5,565	2,605	5,565
Deposits	16,489	16,603	15,550	15,803
Other creditors	41,398	56,224	12,870	17,009
Rental received in advance from				
substantial shareholder	1,748	691	1,748	691
	333,610	605,645	492,931	417,378
Non-current				
Loans from a subsidiary (Note (e))	-	_	601,976	602,071
Accrual for operating expenses	782	7,601	-	_
Provision for reinstatement costs (Note (d))	7,132	8,347	1,181	1,385
Put option redemption liabilities (Note (f))	-	7,723	-	_
Post-employment benefits (Note 7.2)	1,326	1,715	-	_
Rental received in advance from				
substantial shareholder	5,005	5,682	5,005	5,682
	14,245	31,068	608,162	609,138
Total trade and other payables	347,855	636,713	1,101,093	1,026,516
			,,	,,-

Trade receivables (Note 3.2) and trade payables due from non-related parties are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset as the balances relate to the same overseas postal administrators and the Group intends to settle its balances on a net basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.10 Trade and other payables (continued)

(a) Other payables to subsidiaries

Other payables to subsidiaries are non-trade related, unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

(b) Contingent consideration payable / Deferred consideration

As at 31 March 2024, the fair value of contingent consideration payable and deferred consideration arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries amounted to \$\$13,196,000 and \$\$53,703,000 respectively. Refer to Note 6.3 for further details. The contingent consideration payable and deferred consideration were fully paid during the current financial year.

(c) Provision for restructuring

Restructuring provision comprises mainly lease termination penalties and employee termination payments.

(d) Provision for reinstatement costs

A provision is recognised for the present value of costs to be incurred for the restoration of the Group's investment properties and property, plant and equipment.

Movement in this provision is as follows:

	Gr	Group		pany
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Beginning of financial year	11,032	10,375	2,104	2,296
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	(2,917)	_	_	_
(Utilisation) / Additions	(121)	657	(243)	(192)
End of financial year	7,994	11,032	1,861	2,104

(e) Loans from a subsidiary

Loans from a subsidiary are non-trade related, unsecured, bearing fixed interests of 2.83% to 4.65% per annum and are repayable between 2026 to 2030.

The fair value of the loans computed based on cash flows discounted at the difference between market and existing borrowing rates of 2.47% to 2.53% (2024: 3.10% to 3.18%) is \$\$551,278,000 (2024: \$\$523,226,000). The fair value is within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

(f) Put option redemption liabilities

- (i) A put option was granted to the non-controlling shareholders of Rotterdam Harbour Holding B.V. to sell the remaining 15% interest to the Group, which is exercisable at any time after 31 March 2025. The put option redemption liability is recorded at fair value as at 31 March 2025 and 2024.
- (ii) A put option was granted to the non-controlling shareholders of FMH to sell their remaining interest to the Group, which is exercisable from 1 July 2024 and is recorded at fair value. The put option was exercised in 2024 and FMH became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group.

Details of the valuation technique and inputs used are disclosed in Note 4.2.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

3. **OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** (continued)

3.10 Trade and other payables (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. They are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

3.11 Contract liabilities

	Gr	Group		npany
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Advances received for post assurance collaboration				
(Note (a))	5,530	7,177	5,530	7,177
Advance billings (Note (b))	16,478	21,027	15,733	18,846
	22,008	28,204	21,263	26,023
Analysed as:				
Current	17,548	28,204	16,803	26,023
Non-current	4,460	_	4,460	
	22,008	28,204	21,263	26,023

- (a) Arises from definitive agreements with respect to certain post assurance collaboration which has been extended in the current financial year till 19 January 2030.
- (b) Mainly relates to advance billings to customers and unearned revenue from paid postage.

As at 1 April 2023, contract liabilities amounted to S\$37.2 million.

The change in contract liabilities during the reporting period is due to recognition of advance billings and advances from the post assurance collaboration to profit or loss.

Material accounting policy information

Refer to Note 2.2(a) for the material accounting policy information relating to recognition of revenue and contract liabilities to the above items.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS

4.1 Financial instruments by category

The carrying amount of the different categories of financial instruments other than those disclosed in Notes 3.8, 4.3, 4.4 and 5.2 to the financial statements are as follows:

	Group		Co	mpany
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Financial assets at amortised cost	800,353	739,619	816,888	711,584
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	327,444	607,706	1,094,340	1,020,143
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss	12,332	20,919	_	_

4.2 Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities

The fair values of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as exchange-traded and over-the-counter derivatives) are based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market prices used for financial assets are the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market prices used for financial liabilities are the current asking prices. The instruments are presented within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair values of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. Where appropriate, quoted market price or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used.

The fair values of currency forwards are determined using actively quoted forward exchange rates. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments. These investments are classified as Level 2 and comprise derivative financial instruments.

The fair values of financial assets designated at FVTOCI, contingent consideration payable and put option redemption liabilities are estimated by using valuation techniques that are not based on observable market data and are accordingly classified as a Level 3 fair value measurement.

The fair values of current and non-current financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost approximate their carrying amounts, except for certain financial assets and non-current borrowings which fair values are disclosed in Notes 4.4 and 5.2 respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.2 <u>Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities</u> (continued)

The following table presents assets and liabilities measured at fair value and classified by level of the fair value measurement hierarchy as disclosed in Note 1.3.3.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Group				
2025				
Assets				
Financial assets designated at FVTOCI	7,136	95,465	188	102,78
Derivative financial instruments	_	514	_	514
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	-	83	-	83
Put option redemption liabilities			12,332	12,33
2024				
Assets				
Financial assets designated at FVTOCI	9,266	_	79,304	88,57
Derivative financial instruments		1,882	12,526	14,40
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	-	1,951	-	1,95
Contingent consideration payable	-	_	13,196	13,19
Put option redemption liabilities			7,723	7,72
Company				
2025				
Assets				
Derivative financial instruments		514		514
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments		83		8:
2024				
Assets				
Derivative financial instruments		402		40
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments		105		10

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.2 <u>Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities</u> (continued)

The following table presents the changes in Level 3 instruments:

	Financial assets at FVTOCI - put option S\$'000	Financial assets designated as at FVTOCI S\$'000	Contingent consideration payable S\$'000	Put option redemption liability S\$'000
2025				
Beginning of financial year Fair value (losses) / gains recognised in	12,526	79,304	(13,196)	(7,723)
– Profit or loss	-	-	-	(4,559)
 Other comprehensive income 	(12,526)	16,347	-	-
Settlement of contingent consideration	-	-	13,484	-
Transfer out from Level 3	-	(95,465)	-	-
Currency translation differences		2 188	(288)	(50) (12,332)
End of financial year Total loss for the year included in profit or loss for assets and liabilities held at the end of the financial year		-		(4,559)
2024				
Beginning of financial year	56,879	42,076	(28,608)	(72,827)
Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary	_	_	_	67,138
Acquisition of subsidiary (Note 6.3) Fair value gains / (losses) recognised in	-	_	(13,103)	_
– Profit or loss	_	_	1,106	(2,592)
- Other comprehensive income	(44,353)	37,253	_	_
Settlement of contingent consideration	_	-	25,764	-
Currency translation differences	_	(25)	1,645	558
End of financial year	12,526	79,304	(13,196)	(7,723)
Total profit / (loss) for the year included in profit or loss for assets and liabilities held at the				
end of the financial year		_	1,106	(2,592)

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, except for financial assets designated at FVTOCI amounting to S\$95,465,000 (Note 4.4).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.2 <u>Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities</u> (continued)

The following table presents the valuation techniques and key inputs that were used to determine the fair value of financial instruments categorised under Level 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Description	Fair value (S\$'000)	Valuation techniques	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
	2025			2025	
Group					
Derivatives – equity option	Nil (2024: 12,526)	Not applicable (2024: Discounted cash flow approach)	Not applicable (2024: Discount rate)	Not applicable (2024: 5.0%)	The higher the discount rate, the lower the valuation.
Financial assets designated at FVTOCI	95,653 (2024: 79,304)	Contractual terms (2024: Market approach)	Not applicable (2024: Enterprise Value/Revenue multiple of comparable companies)	Not applicable (2024: 0.4 – 0.5x)	The higher the Enterprise Value/ Revenue multiple, the higher the valuation.
Put option redemption liabilities	12,332 (2024: 7,723)	Contractual terms (2024: Discounted cash flow approach)	Not applicable (2024: Discount rate)	Not applicable (2024: 4.60 – 5.15%)	The higher the discount rate, the lower the valuation.

4.3 Derivative financial instruments

The fair values of derivative financial instruments are shown on the statement of financial position as follows:

	Gr	oup	Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
<u>Current asset</u>				
Other non-hedging derivatives				
Currency forwards	514	402	514	402
Non-current assets				
Hedge instrument relating to cash flow hedge				
Interest rate swaps	-	1,480	-	_
Hedge instrument relating to fair value hedge				
Equity option _	_	12,526	_	
_	_	14,006	-	
<u>-</u>	514	14,408	514	402
<u>Current liabilities</u>				
Other non-hedging derivatives				
Currency forwards	(83)	(105)	(83)	(105)
Non-current liability				
Hedge instrument relating to cash flow hedge				
Interest rate swaps		(1,846)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.3 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

The following table details the contract notional amounts outstanding at the end of the reporting period and the fair value of the financial derivatives.

	Contract notional amount 2025 S\$'000	Fair value assets / (liabilities) 2025 S\$'000	Contract notional amount 2024 S\$'000	Fair value assets / (liabilities) 2024 S\$'000
Group				
Hedge instruments relating to fair value hedge Equity option	-	-	**	12,526
Hedging instruments relating to cash flow hedge Interest rate swaps	-	-	239,894	(366)
Other non-hedging derivatives Interest rate swaps Currency forwards	- 110,379	- 431	- 128,773	- 297
Total derivative financial instruments	110,379	431	368,667	12,457
Company				
Other non-hedging derivatives Currency forwards	110,379	431	128,773	297_
Total derivative financial instruments	110,379	431	128,773	297

^{**} The contract notional amount relates to the contracted value of the hedged item determined based on the fixed exercise price under the put and call options arrangement between the Group and an external shareholder.

Currency forwards

Currency forwards are transacted to hedge highly probable forecast transactions denominated in foreign currency expected to occur at various dates within twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The currency forwards have maturity dates that coincide within the expected occurrence of these transactions. Changes in fair value of the currency forwards not designated as hedging are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.3 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Equity option

The equity option classified as hedging instruments was related to the Group's investment in Shenzhen 4PX Information Technology Co., Limited ("4PX"), which hedged the fair value changes arising from investment in 4PX. The equity option was exercised during the year. The fair value loss arising from the termination of the hedging instrument was S\$12.5 million (2024: S\$44.4 million). Details on the valuation technique and inputs used are further disclosed in Note 4.2.

One of the main sources of hedge ineffectiveness in this hedge relationship is the effect of the counterparty's credit risk on the fair value of the put option, which is not reflected in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the change in fair value.

The following table details the option contracts outstanding at the end of the reporting period, as well as information regarding their related hedged items. Option assets and liabilities are presented in the line 'Derivative financial instruments' (either as assets or as liabilities) within the consolidated statement of financial position.

Fair value	Carrying		Fair value	Carrying
losses	amount of	Hedged	gains	amount of
on hedging	hedging	Item	on hedged	hedged
instrument	Instrument		item	item
S\$'000	S\$'000		S\$'000	S\$'000

Group

2024

Hedge instruments relating			Equity		
to fair value hedge			investments		
Equity option	(44,353)	12,526	at FVTOCI	37,253	79,118

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.3 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Interest rate swaps

Under the interest rate swap contracts, the Group agrees to exchange the difference between fixed and floating rate interest amounts calculated on agreed notional principal amounts. Such contracts enable the Group to mitigate the risk of changing interest rates on the cash flow exposures on the issued variable rate debt. The fair value of interest rate swaps at the reporting date is determined by discounting the future cash flows using the curves at the reporting date and the credit risk inherent in the contract. The average interest rate is based on the outstanding balances at the end of the reporting period.

Interest rate swap contract assets and liabilities are included in the line 'Derivative financial instruments' (either as assets or as liabilities) within the consolidated statement of financial position.

The interest rate swaps settle on a quarterly basis. The floating rate on the interest rate swaps is based on the AUD Bank Bill Swap Rate. The Group will settle the difference between the fixed and floating interest rate on a net basis.

The following table details the interest rate swap contracts outstanding at the end of the reporting period.

	As at year-end				During the period		
	Nominal amount	Carrying amount – assets	Carrying amount – liabilities	Line item in the statement of financial position where the hedging instrument is included	Changes in the value of the hedging instrument recognised in OCI	Amount reclassified from hedging reserve to profit or loss	Line item in profit or loss affected by the reclassification
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000		S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Interest rate risk							
2025							
Interest rate swaps	-			Derivative financial instruments	1,438	(1,354)	Finance expenses
2024				Derivative			
Interest rate swaps	239,894	1,480	(1,846)	financial instruments	848	(932)	Finance expenses

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.3 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Derivative financial instruments-

A derivative financial instrument is initially recognised at its fair value on the date the contract is entered into and is subsequently carried at its fair value. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged.

Fair value changes on derivatives that are not designated or do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

The carrying amount of a derivative is presented as a non-current asset or liability if the remaining expected life of the derivative is more than 12 months, and as a current asset or liability if the remaining expected life of the derivative is less than 12 months.

Hedge accounting

The Group documents at the inception of the transaction the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategies for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, on whether the derivatives designated as hedging instruments are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

i) Fair value hedges

The fair value change on qualifying hedging instruments is recognised in profit or loss except when the hedging instrument hedges an equity instrument designated at FVTOCI in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income.

The carrying amount of a hedged item not already measured at fair value is adjusted for the fair value change attributable to the hedged risk with a corresponding entry in profit or loss. For debt instruments measured at FVTOCI, the carrying amount is not adjusted as it is already at fair value, but the hedging gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss instead of other comprehensive income. When the hedged item is an equity instrument designated at FVTOCI, the hedging gain or loss remains in other comprehensive income to match that of the hedging instrument.

Where hedging gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss, they are recognised in the same line as the hedged item.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.3 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Material accounting policy information (continued)

Hedge accounting (continued)

ii) Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives and other qualifying hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of hedging reserve, limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss, and is included in the 'Exceptional items' line item.

Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss, in the same line as the recognised hedged item. However, when the hedged forecast transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, the gains and losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are removed from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the non-financial asset or non-financial liability. This transfer does not affect other comprehensive income. Furthermore, if the Group expects that some or all of the loss accumulated in other comprehensive income will not be recovered in the future, that amount is immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

iii) Discontinuation of hedge accounting

The Group discontinues hedge accounting only when the hedging relationship (or a part thereof) ceases to meet the qualifying criteria (after rebalancing, if applicable). This includes instances when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised. The discontinuation is accounted for prospectively. In respect of fair value hedge, the fair value adjustment to the carrying amount of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk is amortised to profit or loss from that date. For cash flow hedge, any gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in cash flow hedge reserve at that time remains in equity and is reclassified to profit or loss when the forecast transaction occurs. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the gain or loss accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve is reclassified immediately to profit or loss.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Equity option

The Group has a right to a put option ("equity option"), valid till June 2025, to put its equity interest in 4PX to an external shareholder of 4PX at a fixed exercise price. Upon fulfilment of certain conditions (including the completion of a loan capitalisation exercise) by this shareholder, the Group can exercise the put option granted. This external shareholder also has a corresponding right to call and acquire the Group's equity interest in 4PX at the same fixed exercise price. Based on discussions with various parties, management believes that the conditions will be fulfilled.

The fair value of the equity option is derived using the discounted cash flow approach and incorporates the probability of the various contingent events that affect the exercise of the options. Such probabilities are considered as key management judgement and key sources of estimation uncertainty. It is expected that the value of the equity option and the value of 4PX will change in the opposite direction.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.4 Financial assets

		Group	
		2025	2024
		S\$'000	S\$'000
Financial assets designated at FVTOCI - Equity investments – quoted - Equity investments – unquoted	(i) (ii)	7,136 <u>95,653</u> 102,789	9,266 79,304 88,570

- (i) During the financial year ended 31 March 2024, the Group lost its significant influence over a former associated company, Efficient E-Solutions Berhad. The retained interest is measured at fair value and accounted for as an equity investment measured at FVTOCI amounting to S\$9.3 million and is classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value loss recognised within other comprehensive income was S\$2.1 million (2024: fair value gain of S\$0.8 million).
- (ii) The Group carries an investment in 4PX classified as an equity investment designated at FVTOCI amounting to S\$95.5 million (2024: S\$79.1 million) for which fair value hedge accounting (Note 4.3) had been applied in the preceding financial year.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the fair value gain recognised within other comprehensive income was \$\$16.3 million (2024: \$\$37.3 million).

Material accounting policy information

The unquoted equity investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value, with any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (Note 5.4(ii)). The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, instead, it is transferred to retained earnings.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Valuation of 4PX

As at 31 March 2025, the carrying value of 4PX is determined based on the agreed sale consideration of the Group's entire stake in 4PX to Zhejiang Cainiao Supply Chain Management Co., Limited ("Cainiao") (Note 7.4).

As at 31 March 2024, as the fair value of 4PX could not be determined from active markets, valuation techniques including trading multiples of comparable companies with entity-specific adjustments made were used. The valuation of 4PX was determined based on Enterprise Value / Revenue multiples of selected comparable companies at the end of the reporting period. The inputs to the valuation model were derived from market observable data where possible, including but not limited to financial data of selected public companies in logistics services, freight management, supply chain management and e-commerce, but where this was not feasible, a degree of judgement was required to establish fair value. Details of the valuation techniques and inputs used are disclosed in Note 4.2.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management strategy seeks to minimise adverse effects from the volatility of financial markets on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses financial instruments such as currency forwards and interest rate swaps to hedge certain financial risk exposures.

The Board of Directors is responsible for setting the objectives and underlying principles of financial risk management for the Group. The Board Risk and Technology Committee then performs oversight responsibilities to ensure the financial risks are managed in accordance with the objectives and underlying principles approved by the Board of Directors.

(a) Market risk

(i) Currency risk management

The currency transaction risk of the Group arises mainly from the international mail business, which generates inpayments and outpayments denominated in foreign currencies. The currency exposure is primarily in Special Drawing Rights ("SDR"), Australia Dollar ("AUD") and Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"). SDR is an International Monetary Fund unit of account used for valuing international transactions, which is defined in terms of a basket of currencies. The actual settlement is substantially in EUR and USD. The Group uses foreign currency purchases and currency forwards to manage the currency risk. These instruments are used mainly to hedge underlying exposures and the instruments are not entered into for speculative reasons.

In addition, the Group is exposed to currency translation risk on net assets in foreign subsidiaries, associated companies and a joint venture. Currency exposure to the net assets in foreign subsidiaries and associated companies where a divestment is not foreseeable is not hedged by the Group.

Group Treasury's risk management policy is to hedge planned divestment of overseas investments using currency forwards to manage the currency risk. These instruments are used mainly to hedge underlying exposures and the instruments are not entered into for speculative reasons.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued) 4.

- 4.5 Financial risk management (continued)
 - Market risk (continued) (a)
 - Currency risk management (continued) (i)

The Group's significant currency exposure is as follows:

	SDR	AUD	RMB
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Group			
2025			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	79,799	391
Trade and other receivables	3,492	4,697	874
Other financial assets ¹	-	145	7
Financial assets		-	95,465
	3,492	84,641	96,737
Financial liabilities			
Lease liabilities	-	(404)	-
Trade and other payables ²	(161,163)	(9,741)	(1,226)
Derivative financial instruments			(65)
	(161,163)	(10,145)	(1,291)
Net financial (liabilities) / assets	(157,671)	74,496	95,446
Less: Net financial assets / (liabilities)			
denominated in the respective			
entities' functional currencies	-	77,565	(42)
Less: Currency forwards	(110,379)	_	
Currency exposure	(47,292)	(3,069)	95,488

Consists of deposits included under "Other current assets" and "Other non-current assets". Exclude post-employment benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued) 4.

- 4.5 Financial risk management (continued)
 - Market risk (continued) (a)
 - Currency risk management (continued) (i)

	SDR	AUD	RMB
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Group			
<u>2024</u>			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	40,255	537
Trade and other receivables	6,953	133,964	19,945
Other financial assets ¹	-	352	_
Financial assets	_	_	79,118
Derivative financial instruments			12,526
	6,953	174,571	112,126
Financial Babilista			
Financial liabilities		(477.665)	
Borrowings Lease liabilities	-	(477,665)	_
Trade and other payables ²	(237,306)	(127,323) (193,789)	(131)
Trade and other payables	(237,306)	(798,777)	(131)
	(237,300)	(130,111)	(131)
Net financial (liabilities) / assets	(230,353)	(624,206)	111,995
Less: Net financial liabilities			
denominated in the respective			
entities' functional currencies	_	(313,967)	(131)
Less: Currency forwards	(128,668)	(515,507)	(151)
Currency exposure	(101,685)	(310,239)	112,126
carreiney exposure	(101,003)	(310,233)	112,120

Consists of deposits included under "Other current assets" and "Other non-current assets". Exclude rental post-employment benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

- 4.5 <u>Financial risk management</u> (continued)
 - (a) Market risk (continued)
 - (i) Currency risk management (continued)

The Company's significant currency exposure is as follows:

	SDR S\$'000	AUD S\$'000	RMB S\$'000
Company			
2025			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,562	201
Trade and other receivables	3,492		869
	3,492	1,562	1,070
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables ¹	(161,163)	-	-
Derivative financial instruments		-	(65)
	(161,163)	_	(65)
Net financial (liabilities) / assets	(157,671)	1,562	1,005
Less: Currency forwards	(110,379)	_	_
Currency exposure	(47,292)	1,562	1,005
2024			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	_	7,280	484
Trade and other receivables	6,953		19,859
	6,953	7,280	20,343
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities Trade and other payables ¹	(237,306)	-	_
	(237,306) (237,306)	-	<u>-</u>
		7,280	20,343
Trade and other payables ¹	(237,306)	- - 7,280	20,343

¹ Excludes rental received in advance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 Financial risk management (continued)

- (a) Market risk (continued)
 - (i) Currency risk management (continued)

The sensitivity rate used represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates.

If the SDR changes against the SGD by 1% (2024: 2%) with all other variables being held constant, the effects arising from the net financial liability / asset position will be as follows:

		Increase/(decrease) Profit before income tax		
	2025	2024		
	S\$'000	S\$'000		
Group and Company				
SDR against SGD				
– strengthened	(473)	(2,034)		
– weakened	473	2,034		

If the AUD changes against the SGD by 5% (2024: 4%) with all other variables being held constant, the effects arising from the net financial asset/liability position will be as follows:

		Increase/(decrease) Profit before income tax		
	2025	2024		
	S\$'000	S\$'000		
Group				
AUD against SGD	(470)	(4.2, 44.0)		
strengthened	(153)	(12,410)		
– weakened	153	12,410		
Company				
AUD against SGD				
- strengthened	78	291		
- weakened	(78)	(291)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Currency risk management (continued)

If the RMB changes against the SGD by 1% (2024: 4%) with all other variables being held constant, the effects arising from the net financial asset/liability position will be as follows:

		Increase/(decrease) Profit before income tax		
	2025	2024		
	S\$'000	S\$'000		
Group				
RMB against SGD				
– strengthened	*	819		
– weakened	*	(819)		
Company				
RMB against SGD				
strengthened	10	814		
– weakened	(10)	(814)		

^{*} Denotes less than S\$1,000.

(ii) Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. As the Group has no significant variable interest-bearing assets, the Group's interest income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's policy is to minimise the interest expense consistent with maintaining an acceptable level of exposure to interest rate fluctuations. A target mix of fixed and floating debt based on the assessment of interest rate trends is used to achieve this objective.

The Group is not exposed to interest rate risk for its borrowings for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 as the borrowings consisted of fixed rate notes. As at 31 March 2024, the Group was exposed to interest rate risk from its borrowings (Note 5.2) which bear interest ranging from 5.6% to 6.7%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Interest rate risk management (continued)

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024, if the interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables being held constant, profit before income tax will decrease/increase by S\$1.6 million.

(ii) Equity price risk management

The Group is exposed to equity risks arising from equity investments classified as at FVTOCI. Equity investments measured at FVTOCI are held for strategic rather than trading purposes. The Group does not actively trade such investments.

The sensitivity analysis for the quoted equity investment has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the reporting date. If equity price had been 10% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's other comprehensive income for the year would increase/decrease by \$\$714,000 (2024: \$\$927,000).

As the unquoted equity investment has been designated as a hedged item for fair value hedge accounting, the Group's exposure to equity price risk is mitigated and no sensitivity analysis was performed.

Further details of these equity investments and the hedging relationship can be found in Notes 4.3 and 4.4.

(b) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arises from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The major classes of financial assets of the Group and of the Company are bank deposits, trade and other receivables, investments in financial assets and financial instruments used in hedging activities. For trade receivables, the Group adopts the policy of dealing only with customers of appropriate credit history, and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate to mitigate credit risk. For other financial assets, the Group adopts the policy of dealing only with high credit quality counterparties.

Credit exposure to any individual counterparty is restricted by credit limits that are approved based on ongoing credit evaluation. The counterparty's payment profile and credit exposure are continuously monitored at the entity level by the respective management and at the Group level. As at 31 March 2025, trade receivables from a customer represented 4% of the Group's and Company's trade receivable (2024: 9% and 20% of the Group's and Company's trade receivable respectively) and contributed revenue of \$\$102,973,000 (2024: \$\$173,119,000). The revenue is attributable to the Post and Parcel segment.

Bank deposits are placed in banks which are regulated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 <u>Financial risk management</u> (continued)

(b) <u>Credit risk management</u> (continued)

The credit risk for trade receivables based on the information provided to key management is as follows:

	Group		Co	Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	
By geographical areas					
Singapore	62,376	33,678	90,366	83,878	
Australia	1,614	128,795	18	40	
Other countries	32,700	80,947	12,824	32,979	
	96,690	243,420	103,208	116,897	
		,			
By types of customers					
Related parties	2,471	477	56,490	44,942	
Non-related parties:					
- Government bodies	4,759	3,680	4,759	3,680	
– Banks	6,444	9,006	6,440	8,997	
- Overseas postal administrations	3,004	5,518	3,004	5,518	
- Other companies	80,012	224,739	32,515	53,760	
	96,690	243,420	103,208	116,897	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 <u>Financial risk management</u> (continued)

(b) Credit risk management (continued)

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's financial assets and other items, as well as maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades:

	Note	External credit rating	Internal credit rating	12-month ("12m") or lifetime ECL	Gross carrying amount S\$'000	Loss allowance S\$'000	Net carrying amount S\$'000
2025					3\$000	3,000	3\$000
Group							
Trade receivables	3.2	N.A.	(i)	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach)	99,603	(2,913)	96,690
Other receivables	3.2, 3.3	N.A.	(ii)	12m ECL	3,638	-	3,638
Other financial assets	3.5	N.A.	(ii)	12m ECL	3,605		3,605
						(2,913)	
Company							
Trade receivables	3.2	N.A.	(i)	Lifetime ECL (simplified	104,353	(1,145)	103,208
Other receivables	3.2,3.3	N.A.	(ii)	approach) 12m ECL and	228,560	(46,366)	182,194
outer receivables	3.2,3.3		()	lifetime ECL		(10,000)	,
Other financial assets	3.5	N.A.	(ii)	12m ECL	1,552		1,552
						(47,511)	
2024							
Group							
Trade receivables	3.2	N.A.	(i)	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach)	247,582	(4,162)	243,420
Other receivables	3.2, 3.3	N.A.	(ii)	12m ECL	12,247	_	12,247
Other financial assets	3.5	N.A.	(ii)	12m ECL	6,485		6,485
						(4,162)	
Company							
Trade receivables	3.2	N.A.	(i)	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach)	119,064	(2,167)	116,897
Other receivables	3.2,3.3	N.A.	(ii)	12m ECL and lifetime ECL	277,100	(46,366)	230,734
Other financial assets	3.5	N.A.	(ii)	12m ECL	1,580		1,580
						(48,533)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 Financial risk management (continued)

- (b) Credit risk management (continued)
 - (i) For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in SFRS (I) 9 *Financial Instruments* to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The credit risk profile is presented based on the trade receivables' past due status in terms of the provision matrix.

The following table details the risk profile of trade receivables from contracts with customers based on the Group's provision matrix.

<u>Trade receivables</u>	Expected weighted credit loss rate %	Estimated total gross carrying amount at default S\$'000	Lifetime ECL S\$'000	Total S\$'000
2025				
Group				
Current (not past due) 1 to 90 days past due More than 90 days past due	* 2.6% 3.6%	11,499 26,780 61,324 99,603	(685) (2,228) (2,913)	11,499 26,095 59,096 96,690
Company				
Current (not past due) 1 to 90 days past due More than 90 days past due	* 4.4% 1.1%	47,315 15,554 41,484 104,353	(685) (460) (1,145)	47,315 14,869 41,024 103,208
2024				
Group				
Current (not past due) 1 to 90 days past due More than 90 days past due	* 1.1% 11.3%	159,525 56,870 31,187 247,582	(636) (3,526) (4,162)	159,525 56,234 27,661 243,420
Company				
Current (not past due) 1 to 90 days past due More than 90 days past due	* 4.5% 5.6%	77,402 14,276 27,386 119,064	(636) (1,531) (2,167)	77,402 13,640 25,855 116,897

^{*} The expected weighted credit loss rate is assessed as negligible.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Credit risk management (continued)

(ii) Other receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost except for the credit impaired other receivables are considered to be recoverable as they are not due for payment at the end of the reporting period and there has been no significant increase in the risk of default since initial recognition. The Group assesses that no loss allowance is required in respect of these financial assets. Loss allowance recognised arises from loans to associated companies and subsidiaries and is determined after taking into account the financial position of the associated company and subsidiary adjusted for factors specific to them and general economic conditions of the industries in which the associated companies and subsidiaries operate.

Movements in loss allowance are as follows:

Group

		Trade receivables
		S\$'000
Balance as at 1 April 2023		2,667
Amount written off		(418)
Loss allowance recognised		(110)
in profit or loss during the year		1,913
Balance as at 31 March 2024		4,162
Amount written off		(880)
Loss allowance recognised		
in profit or loss during the year		628
Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)		(997)_
Balance as at 31 March 2025		2,913
Company		
	Trade receivables	Loans to subsidiaries
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Balance as at 1 April 2023	1,207	46,366
Amount written off	(22)	_
Loss allowance recognised		
in profit or loss during the year	982	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	2,167	46,366
Amount written off	(148)	_
Reversal of loss allowance recognised	(07.4)	
in profit or loss during the year	(874)	
Balance as at 31 March 2025	1,145	46,366

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Credit risk management (continued)

Material accounting policy information

(i) Trade receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach in SFRS(I) 9 to measure the lifetime expected credit loss for trade receivables. The loss allowance is estimated using a provision matrix.

In measuring the expected credit losses, trade receivables are grouped based on similar credit risk characteristics and days past due. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category of customers under each business.

A trade receivable is written off when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Where receivables are written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss. The Group generally considers a financial asset in default if the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 90 days past due or there is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired.

(ii) Other financial assets at amortised cost

For all other financial assets, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. In determining the expected credit loss, management has taken into account the historical default experience and the financial position of the counterparties, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors / debt instrument and general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors / debt instrument operate, in estimating the probability of default of each of these financial assets occurring within their respective loss assessment time horizon, as well as the loss upon default in each case.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default, ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of "investment grade" as per globally understood definition.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Calculation of loss allowance for trade and other receivables

When measuring ECL, the Group uses reasonable and supportable forward-looking information, which is based on assumptions for the future movement of different economic drivers and how these drivers will affect each other.

Apart from the estimates involved in determining likelihood of default over a given time horizon to determine ECL, when there are events indicating that trade and other receivables are credit impaired, management has to estimate the loss allowance required.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025, impairment loss on trade and other receivables from continuing operations amounted to \$\$0.3 million (2024: \$\$1.5 million).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk management

The Group and Company manage the liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents to enable them to meet their normal operating commitments, having an adequate amount of credit facilities and the ability to close market positions at short notice.

The table below analyses the maturity profile of the Group's and Company's financial liabilities (excluding derivative financial liabilities) based on contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Group				
2025				
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Borrowings	(331,862) (10,133) (9,555) (351,550)	(1,081) (4,682) (109,520) (115,283)	(385) (2,786) (18,992) (22,163)	(6,448) (13,554) (253,986) (273,988)
	(331,330)	(113,263)	(22,103)	(273,988)
2024				
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Borrowings	(604,954) (52,032) (50,363)	(16,152) (38,638) (150,100)	(706) (66,579) (514,569)	(6,813) (42,173) (260,311)
	(707,349)	(204,890)	(581,854)	(309,297)
Company				
2025				
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	(515,463) (8,971)	(122,304) (6,413)	(274,523) (6,004)	(255,345) -
	(524,434)	(128,717)	(280,527)	(255,345)
2024				
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	(438,995) (11,790)	(24,823) (7,905)	(377,886) (11,058)	(255,364)
	(450,785)	(32,728)	(388,944)	(255,364)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

The following table details the expected maturity for non-derivative financial assets. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the Group's liquidity risk management as the Group's liquidity risk is managed on a net asset and liability basis. The table below has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets except where the Group and the Company anticipate that the cash flow will occur in a different period.

	Less than 1 year S\$'000	Between 1 and 2 years S\$'000	Between 2 and 5 years S\$'000	Over 5 years S\$'000
Group				
2025				
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	696,420 100,418	-	- 2	- 133
Other financial assets	3,605 800,443	<u>-</u>	- 2	133
2024				
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Other financial assets	476,738 254,156 3,536 734,430	3,102 - 3,102	2 - 2	- 133 <u>2,949</u> 3,082
Company				
2025				
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Other financial assets	529,934 126,740 1,552 658,226	- 178,313 - 178,313	- 2 - 2	- 133 - 133
2024				
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Other financial assets	362,373 142,436 	225,983 - 225,983	1,979 1,979	- 133 - - 133
			. 15 . 5	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

4.5 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

The following table details the liquidity analysis for derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted net cash inflows and (outflows) on the derivative instruments that settle on a net basis and the undiscounted gross inflows and (outflows) on those derivatives that require gross settlement.

	Group		Coi	mpany
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Less than 1 year Gross settled: Foreign exchange contracts forward				
- Gross inflow	110,296	128,668	110,296	128,668
– Gross outflow	(109,864)	(128,371)	(109,864)	(128,371)
	432	297	432	297

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE

5.1 Capital management policies and objectives

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to maximise shareholder value. In order to maintain or achieve an optimal capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend policy, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, buy back issued shares, obtain new borrowings or sell assets. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2024.

Management monitors capital based on gearing ratio. In the management of the debt and capital structure, the Group and Company aim to sustain a strong investment-grade credit profile.

The gearing ratio is calculated as net debt / (cash) with and without perpetual securities divided by total equity. Net debt / (cash) is calculated as borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

	Group		Co	mpany
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Net (cash) / debt	(346,861)	350,395	(529,934)	(362,373)
Total equity	1,607,478	1,420,965	1,278,392	1,244,310
Gearing ratio without perpetual securities	(21.6%)	24.7%	(41.5%)	(29.1%)
Net (cash) / debt plus perpetual securities	(95,357)	601,929	(529,934)	(362,373)
Total equity	1,607,478	1,420,965	1,278,392	1,244,310
Gearing ratio with perpetual securities	(5.9%)	42.4%	(41.5%)	(29.1%)

The capital structure of the Group and Company consists of equity attributable to owners of the parents comprising issued capital, perpetual securities, reserves, retained earnings and borrowings (Note 5.2).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.2 <u>Borrowings</u>

	Group	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Borrowings	349,559	827,133
The analysis of the current and non-current borrowings is as follows:		
	G	iroup
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
<u>Current</u>		
– Borrowings (secured)		10,319
<u>Non-current</u>		
– Borrowings (secured)	-	150,128
– Borrowings (unsecured)	349,559	666,686
	349,559	816,814
	349,559	827,133

As at 31 March 2024, secured borrowings comprised external bank loans and are generally secured over the following:

- a) trade receivables with carrying amount of S\$106.1 million.
- b) property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of S\$105.6 million.
- c) a general security containing first fixed and floating charges over all assets (except assets under lease agreements) and undertakings of FMH and its subsidiaries.
- d) charge of all the subsidiaries' shares held by FMH and its subsidiaries.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group's unsecured borrowings consist of S\$250 million 10-year Notes and S\$100 million 5-year Notes.

As at 31 March 2024, the Group's unsecured borrowings consist of S\$250 million 10-year Notes, S\$100 million 5-year Notes and A\$362.1 million (S\$318.5 million) 5-year term loan facilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.2 Borrowings (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs) and subsequently carried at amortised cost, except for the borrowings that are designated as fair value hedges. The gain or loss on the borrowings attributable to the hedged risk shall adjust the carrying amount of the borrowings and be recognised in profit or loss. The adjustment of the fair value will be reversed when the hedging relationship is discontinued or lapsed.

Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings which are due to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period are included in current borrowings in the statement of financial position. Other borrowings with an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the end of the reporting period are included in non–current borrowings in the statement of financial position.

Fair value of non-current borrowings

	G	iroup
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Non-current		
– Borrowings (secured)	-	150,128
– Borrowings (unsecured)	338,203	647,991
	338,203	798,119

The fair value of the Notes above are determined based on the over-the-counter quoted price. The fair value of external bank loans are computed based on cash flows discounted at market borrowing rates. The fair value is classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The exposure of non-current borrowings to interest rate risks is disclosed in Note 4.5(a)(ii).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.2 <u>Borrowings</u> (continued)

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

			No	n-cash chang	es	
	1 April 2024	Financing cash flows (i)	Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	Foreign exchange movement	Other changes (ii)	31 March 2025
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Borrowings	827,133	(284,066)	(209,215)	(25,060)	40,767	349,559
Lease liabilities (Note 3.8.2)	148,669	(61,937)	(221,743)	(4,751)	160,435	20,673
	975,802	(346,003)	(430,958)	(29,811)	201,202	370,232

			No	on-cash chang	es	
	1 April 2023	Financing cash flows (i)	Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 6.3)	Foreign exchange movement	Other changes (ii)	31 March 2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Borrowings	624,390	169,153	13,466	(2,614)	22,738	827,133
Lease liabilities (Note 3.8.2)	79,727	(39,086)	69,892	1,082	37,054	148,669
	704,117	130,067	83,358	(1,532)	59,792	975,802

⁽i) The cash flows consist of interest paid and repayments of lease liabilities in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

⁽ii) Other changes include interest accruals, as well as additions and disposals of right-of-use assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.3 Share capital and treasury shares

	Number of ordi	Amount		
	Issued share	Treasury	Share	Treasury
	capital	shares	capital	Shares
	′000	′000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Group and Company				
As at 1 April 2023	2,275,089	(25,350)	638,762	(29,516)
Issuance of shares	-	213	-	273
As at 31 March 2024	2,275,089	(25,137)	638,762	(29,243)
Issuance of shares	-	148	-	189
As at 31 March 2025	2,275,089	(24,989)	638,762	(29,054)

All issued ordinary shares are fully paid. There is no par value for these ordinary shares.

(a) Treasury shares

During the financial years ended 31 March 2025, 148,000 treasury shares (2024: 213,000) amounting to \$\$189,000 (2024: \$\$273,000) were reissued.

(b) Share options

The Singapore Post Share Option Scheme was adopted on 21 March 2003, and a new scheme, known as Singapore Post Share Option Scheme 2012 was adopted on 29 June 2012; collectively known as the "Scheme". The Scheme is administered by the Compensation Committee comprising Mr Bob Tan Beng Hai (Chairman), Mr Simon Claude Israel, Mrs Fang Ai Lian, Ms. Yasmin Binti Aladad Khan and Mr. Gan Chee Yen (from 3 February 2025) during the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.3 <u>Share capital and treasury shares</u> (continued)

(b) Share options (continued)

Employees (including executive directors), subject to certain conditions, are eligible to participate in the Scheme. The Scheme provides a means to recruit, retain and give recognition to employees who have contributed to the success and development of the Company and / or the Group.

The principal terms of the Scheme are as follows:

- The exercise price of the granted options is equal to the average of the last dealt prices for the share on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") for the five (5) consecutive trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of that option.
- The value of the share option is determined using the Trinomial option pricing model (taking into account relevant assumptions).
- Granted options shall be exercisable, in whole or in part, during the exercise period applicable to that option and in accordance with the vesting schedule applicable to that option or other conditions (if any) that may be imposed by the Compensation Committee in relation to that option. Options may be exercised, in whole or in part in respect of 1,000 shares or any multiple thereof, by a participant giving notice in writing, accompanied by a remittance for the aggregate subscription cost in respect of the shares for which that option is exercised. The method of settlement could be in cheque, cashier's order, banker's draft or postal order made out in favour of the Company or such other mode of payment as may be acceptable to the Company. There are no restrictions on the eligibility of the persons to whom the options have been granted to participate in any other share option or share incentive scheme, whether or not implemented by any of the other companies within the Group or any other company. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.
- The vesting schedule for the share options granted to eligible employees (including executive directors) effective from 20 May 2014 are as follows:

Vesting period	Proportion of Total Share Options that are exercisable
Before / On first anniversary of date of grant	0 per cent
After first anniversary and before second anniversary of date of grant	Up to 30.0 per cent of grant
On / After second anniversary and before third anniversary of date of grant	Up to another 30.0 per cent of grant OR Up to 60.0 per cent of grant if share options were not exercised after the first vesting year
On / After third anniversary till tenth anniversary of date of grant	Balance OR 100.0 per cent of grant if share options were not exercised after the first and second vesting years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

- 5.3 Share capital and treasury shares (continued)
 - (b) Share options (continued)
 - The share options granted to eligible employees (including executive directors) effective 26 June 2006 to 10 March 2014 have a four-year vesting schedule and the details are as follows:

Vesting period	Proportion of Total Share Options that are exercisable
Before / On first anniversary of date of grant	0 per cent
After first anniversary and before second anniversary of date of grant	Up to 25.0 per cent of grant
On / After second anniversary and before third anniversary of date of grant	Up to another 25.0 per cent of grant OR Up to 50.0 per cent of grant if share options were not exercised after the first vesting year
On / After third anniversary and before fourth anniversary of date of grant	Up to another 25.0 per cent of grant OR Up to 75.0 per cent of grant if share options were not exercised after the first and second vesting years
On / After fourth anniversary till tenth anniversary of date of grant	Balance OR 100.0 per cent of grant if share options were not exercised after the first, second and third vesting years

- On 11 May 2012, 17 January 2014, 7 March 2014 and 1 April 2014, performance share options were granted to key management staff. Vesting of these options is based on the Company's performance against a set of stretched targets on the Group's profit and the Company's target share price performance.
- The total number of shares over which options may be granted under the Scheme on any date, when added to the nominal amount of shares issued and issuable and in respect of all options granted under the Scheme, shall not exceed 5.0 per cent of the issued share capital of the Company on the day preceding that date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.3 Share capital and treasury shares (continued)

(b) Share options (continued)

Since the adoption of the Scheme to 31 March 2024, a total of 178,687,936 share options have been granted. Details of the options are set out in the Directors' Statement for the respective financial years.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, no share options were granted. At the end of the financial year, details of the options granted and the number of unissued ordinary shares of the Company under options outstanding are as follows:

			Number of ordinary shares under options outstanding				
				Granted			
			Balance	during			Balance
			At	financial	Options	Options	At
Date of	Exercise	Exercise	1.4.24	year	exercised	forfeited	31.3.25
Grant	Period	Price	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000')

Options Granted Under Singapore Post Share Options Scheme

For employees (including executive directors)

19.05.15 20.05.16	20.05.16 to 19.05.25 21.05.17 to 20.05.26	S\$1.890 S\$1.570	907 916	-	_	153 104	754 812
Total Share		3\$1.370	2,163			597	1,566

No option has been granted to controlling shareholders of the Company or their associates.

No key management personnel or employee has received options of 5% or more of the total number of shares available under the Scheme during the financial year. No other director or employee of the Company and its subsidiaries (as defined in the SGX-ST Listing Manual) has received options of 5% or more of the total number of shares available to all directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries under the Scheme during the financial year.

No option was granted at a discount during the financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.3 Share capital and treasury shares (continued)

(b) Share options (continued)

Restricted Share Plan

The Singapore Post Restricted Share Plan 2013 (the "Plan") was implemented with the approval of shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 28 June 2013. The duration of the Plan is 10 years commencing from 28 June 2013 and was further extended for another 10 years up to 27 June 2033. The Plan allows fully paid shares to be granted to non-executive directors of the Group and associated companies.

Enhancements to have the flexibility to prescribe performance conditions or time-based service conditions were made to the Plan (the "Enhanced Plan") to reinforce the delivery of long-term growth and shareholder value, while ensuring that the Plan remains relevant and sustainable as a retention and motivation tool for senior management and key employees whose contributions are essential to the well-being and prosperity of the Group. The enhancements were duly approved by the shareholders at the Company's annual general meeting ("AGM") held on 20 July 2017.

The release schedule for the shares granted to eligible employees (excluding non-executive directors) prior to financial year 2017/18 is as follows:

		Percentage of Shares that will be
Vesting Period	Vesting Date	Released on Vesting Date
From award date to date before first anniversary of award date	First anniversary of award date	30% (rounded to nearest whole share)
From first anniversary of award date to date before second anniversary of award date	On second anniversary of date of award	30% (rounded to nearest whole share)
From second anniversary of award date to date before third anniversary of award date	On third anniversary of date of award	Balance 40%

• 100% of the restricted shares granted to non-executive directors vest after one year from the date of grant.

Since the adoption of the Plan to 31 March 2024, a total of 5,839,118 restricted shares were granted.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, no restricted shares were granted under the Plan. There are no outstanding unvested restricted shares as at the start of the financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

- 5. **CAPITAL STRUCTURE** (continued)
- 5.3 Share capital and treasury shares (continued)
 - (b) Share options (continued)

Enhanced Plan

Following shareholders' approval to the Enhanced Plan at the Company's annual general meeting held on 20 July 2017, participants will receive fully paid SingPost shares provided that prescribed performance targets are met within a prescribed performance period. Shares granted from financial year 2017/18 onwards comprises of two types of awards:

- a) Performance Share Award; and
- b) Restricted Share Award.

The Performance Share Award, granted to senior management, has three long-term performance measures: Return on Equity, Absolute Total Shareholder Returns and CO2 Reduction from financial year 2018/19 (added measure for Performance Share Award from financial year 2020/21 onwards).

The Restricted Share Award, granted to senior management and a broader group of key executives, has either time-based service conditions or performance conditions of (i) Underlying Net Profit measure or (ii) both Return of Equity and CO2 Reduction from financial year 2018/19 measures.

Vesting period of the awards depends on whether time-based service conditions or performance conditions is prescribed.

- i) Time-based service condition is cliff vest at end of three years; and
- ii) Performance period for both types of awards is four years. Accelerated vesting may be activated upon early achievement of performance levels in Year 3, to motivate the senior management and key employees in attaining business priorities and shareholder value creation earlier.

The performance conditions for both awards incorporate stretched targets aimed at delivering long-term shareholder value. Depending on achievement of the respective performance hurdles, 0% to 188% of the awards may vest.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.3 Share capital and treasury shares (continued)

(b) Share options (continued)

Enhanced Plan (continued)

Performance Share Awards

Since the adoption of the Enhanced Plan to 31 March 2024, a total of 7,264,569 shares have been granted.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, no share was granted. Details of the grants are as follows:

	Balance	Share	Share	Share	Balance
Data of	As At	Awards	Awards	Awards	As At
Date of	1.4.24	Granted	Vested	Cancelled	31.3.25
Grant	('000)	('000)	('000')	('000)	('000')
01.06.20	455	_	_	455	_
20.01.22	269	_	_	269	_
03.06.22	1,244		_	1,244	
Total	1,968	-	-	1,968	-

Restricted Share Awards

Since the adoption of the Enhanced Plan to 31 March 2024, a total of 20,461,560 restricted shares have been granted.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, no shares were granted. Details of the grants are as follows:

	Balance As At	Share Awards	Share Awards	Share Awards	Balance As At
Date of	1.4.24	Granted	Vested	Cancelled	31.3.25
Grant	('000')	('000')	('000')	('000)	('000')
01.06.20	1,218	_	_	1,218	_
20.01.22	732	_	_	330	402
03.06.22	2,236	_	_	1,110	1,126
08.06.23	5,520	_	_	2,895	2,625
Total	9,706	_	_	5,553	4,153

Of the outstanding options (including Performance Share Option Plan but excluding Restricted Share Plan) for 1,566,000 (2024: 2,163,000) shares, 1,566,000 (2024: 2,163,000) options are exercisable as at 31 March 2025. The weighted average share price during the financial year was \$\$0.50 (2024: \$\$0.47).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.3 Share capital and treasury shares (continued)

(b) Share options (continued)

Enhanced Plan (continued)

Restricted Share Awards (continued)

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, no share was granted. Following are the details of the significant inputs into the valuation model to determine fair value of the share incentive granted during the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

Type of Share Options	Restricted	Restricted	Restricted
	Share Awards	Share Awards	Share Awards
	(ROE)	(CER)	(Share Price)
2024 Total fair value of options granted during financial year Valuation Model	\$418,315	\$179,278	\$1,696,329
	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo
	Simulation	Simulation	Simulation
Weighted average share price at the grant dates Expected volatility Expected option life Expected dividend yield	S\$0.45	S\$0.45	S\$0.45
	21.6%	21.6%	21.6%
	4 years	4 years	4 years
	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%

The volatility assumption is based on the actual volatility of Singapore Post's daily closing share price over the three-year period to the valuation date.

The annual risk free rate is interpolated from the yield on Singapore Government Bonds of appropriate term, as detailed by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.3 Share capital and treasury shares (continued)

(b) Share options (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares are deducted against the share capital account.

When any entity within the Group purchases the Company's ordinary shares ("treasury shares"), the carrying amount which includes the consideration paid and any directly attributable transaction cost is presented as a component within equity attributable to the Company's equity holders, until they are cancelled, sold or reissued.

When treasury shares are subsequently cancelled, the cost of treasury shares are deducted against the share capital account if the shares are purchased out of capital of the Company, or against the retained profits of the Company if the shares are purchased out of earnings of the Company.

When treasury shares are subsequently sold or reissued pursuant to the employee share option scheme, the cost of treasury shares is reversed from the treasury share account and the realised gain or loss on sale or reissue, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and related income tax, is recognised in the capital reserve.

5.4 Other reserves

		Group		Company	
		2025	2024	2025	2024
		S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
(a)	Composition:				
	Share option reserve	3,242	11,458	3,242	4,976
	Fair value reserve	6,941	(1,717)	(4,561)	(4,561)
	Currency translation reserve	(36,524)	(26,265)	_	_
	Other capital reserve	34,228	(167,974)	(191)	(75)
	Asset valuation reserve	45,573	45,573	35,754	35,754
	Hedging reserve		8,183	_	
		53,460	(130,742)	34,244	36,094

Other reserves are non-distributable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.4 Other reserves (continued)

			Group		Company	
			2025	2024	2025	2024
			S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
(b)	Move	ements:				
	(i)	Share option reserve				
		Beginning of financial year Employee share option scheme:	11,458	4,301	4,976	4,301
		Value of employee services	(585)	7,157	(1,734)	675
		- Profit and loss (Note 2.3)	(250)	7,392	(1,399)	910
		 Retained earnings 	(335)	(235)	(335)	(235)
		Issuance of shares of a subsidiary to NCI	(7,631)	_	_	_
		End of financial year	3,242	11,458	3,242	4,976
	(ii)	Fair value reserve				
	(11)	Beginning of financial year	(1,717)	(27,169)	(4,561)	(4,561)
		Fair value gain	14,216	38,118	-	(.,55 .)
		Adjusted for non-controlling interests	(5,558)	(12,666)	_	_
		End of financial year	6,941	(1,717)	(4,561)	(4,561)
	(iii)	Currency translation reserve				
	(111)	Beginning of financial year	(26,265)	(19,414)	_	_
		Net currency translation differences of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries and associated	(20,203)	(13,414)		
		companies ⁽¹⁾	2,706	(6,744)	-	_
		Disposal of foreign subsidiaries	(12,890)	-	-	-
		Disposal of an associated				
		Company (Note 6.4)	198	_	-	_
		Transfer to profit or loss arising from loss of significant influence				
		in an associated company	_	136	_	_
		Adjusted for non-controlling interests	(273)	(243)	_	_
		End of financial year	(36,524)	(26,265)	-	_
	(in)	Other capital reserve				
	(iv)	Beginning of financial year	(167,974)	(118,451)	(75)	(104)
		Additional interest in a	,	, - ,	. - 7	(
		subsidiary	(9,528)	(49,344)	_	_
		Adjustment	_		_	208
		Issuance of shares to employee	(116)	(179)	(116)	(179)
		Loss of control of subsidiaries (Note 6.4)	211,846			
		End of financial year	34,228	(167,974)	(191)	(75)

Other capital reserve mainly arises from changes in shareholding in subsidiaries which do not result in a loss of control.

⁽¹⁾ Mainly attributable to the translation differences arising from net investment in Australia entities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.4 Other reserves (continued)

			Gr	oup	Company	
			2025	2024	2025	2024
			S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
(b)	Move	ements: (continued)				
	(v)	Asset valuation reserve				
		Beginning and end of				
		financial year	45,573	45,573	35,754	35,754
	(vi)	Hedging reserve				
		Beginning of financial year	8,183	37,540	_	_
		Loss on fair value				
		hedge of an equity instrument designated at FVTOCI	(12,526)	(44,353)	_	_
		Change in fair value of interest	(12,320)	(44,555)		
		rate swap designated				
		as cash flow hedge	84	(84)	_	_
		Adjusted for non-controlling		, ,		
		interests	4,259	15,080	_	
		End of financial year	_	8,183	_	

5.5 <u>Perpetual securities</u>

On 6 April 2022, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group issued SGD Subordinated Perpetual Securities with an aggregate principal amount of \$\$250,000,000 ("Perpetual Securities 2022") under the \$\$1 billion Multicurrency Debt Issuance Programme which is guaranteed by the Company. Incremental costs incurred amounting to \$\$1,028,000 were recognised in equity as a deduction from proceeds. Perpetual Securities 2022 bear distributions at a rate of 4.35% per annum up to 6 July 2027, payable semi-annually. The distribution rate will be reset every 5 years starting 6 July 2027.

During the financial year, distributions to perpetual securities holders amounted to S\$10,875,000 (2024: S\$10,905,000).

Material accounting policy information

The perpetual securities do not have a maturity. Subject to the relevant terms and conditions in the offering memorandum, the Group may elect to defer making distributions on the perpetual securities, and is not subject to any limits as to the number of times a distribution can be deferred. Accordingly, the Group is not considered to have a contractual obligation to make principal repayments or distributions in respect of its perpetual securities issued and the perpetual securities are presented within equity as the perpetual securities do not meet the definition for classification as a financial liability under SFRS(I) 1-32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. Distributions are treated as dividends which will be directly debited from equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of the perpetual securities are deducted against the proceeds from the issue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

5. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

5.6 Dividends

	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Ordinary dividends paid		
Final exempt (one-tier) dividend paid in respect of the previous financial year of		
0.56 cents per share (2024: 0.4 cents)	12,601	9,000
Interim exempt (one-tier) dividend paid in respect of the first half of the current		
	7.650	4.050
financial year of 0.34 cents per share (2024: 0.18 cents)	7,650	4,050
	20,251	13,050

Special dividend

At the Annual General Meeting on 23 July 2025, the Board will be recommending a special exempt (one-tier) dividend of 9 cents per ordinary share amounting to \$\$202.5 million for the financial year ended 31 March 2025. Including the interim dividend of 0.34 cents per share paid out in December 2024, total dividend would amount to 9.34 cents per share. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend, which will be accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 March 2025.

The underlying net profit is defined as net profit before exceptional items (Note 2.7). The Group's underlying net profit for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 amounted to \$\$24,757,000 (2024: \$\$41,500,000).

Material accounting policy information

Dividends to Company's shareholders are recognised when the dividends are approved for payments.

6. GROUP STRUCTURE

6.1 Investments in subsidiaries

	Coi	Company		
	2025	2024		
	S\$'000	S\$'000		
Equity investments at cost				
Beginning of financial year	379,099	379,099		
Less: Allowance for impairment	(17,786)	(17,786)		
End of financial year	361,313	361,313		

Details of the subsidiaries are included in Note 6.5. The proportion of ownership interest held by the Group does not differ from the proportion of voting rights held by the Group.

During the year, the Group completed the disposal of its entire equity interest in SPAI Group (Note 6.4). Following the completion, the Group no longer holds any interest in SPAI and its subsidiaries. Consequently, the foreign subsidiaries are deconsolidated effective from 27 March 2025.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

6.1 <u>Investment in subsidiaries</u> (continued)

Carrying value of non-controlling interests

	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Quantium Solutions International Pte Ltd ("QSI")	32,024	33,264
Other subsidiaries with immaterial non-controlling interests	5,107	4,219
	37,131	37,483

Summarised financial information of subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

Set out below is the summarised financial information for a subsidiary that has a non-controlling interest that is material to the Group. These are presented before inter-company eliminations.

Summarised statement of financial position

	QSI	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Current		
Assets	143,648	48,658
Liabilities	(50,895)	(46,419)
Total current net assets	92,753	2,239
Non-current		
Assets	2,032	96,888
Liabilities	(596)	(1,291)
Total non-current net assets	1,436	95,597
Net assets	94,189	97,836
Summarised income statement		
Revenue	82,057	91,683
Loss before income tax	(8,014)	(5,067)
Income tax (expense) / credit	(199)	317
Loss after tax	(8,213)	(4,750)
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	4,566	(5,625)
Total comprehensive loss	(3,647)	(10,375)
Total comprehensive loss allocated to non-controlling interests	(1,240)	(3,528)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

6.1 <u>Investment in subsidiaries</u> (continued)

Summarised financial information of subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests (continued)

Summarised cash flows

	QSI	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Cash (used in) / provided by operations	(3,575)	10,512
Income tax paid	(28)	(436)
Net cash (used in) / provided by operating activities	(3,603)	10,076
Net cash provided by investing activities	473	107
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,039)	(3,328)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(5,169)	6,855
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	22,573	15,718
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	17,404	22,573

Material accounting policy information

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the *Group* has power over the entity, is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group until the date that control ceases.

Details of the Group's subsidiaries and composition of the Group are disclosed in Note 6.5.

(i) <u>Basis of consolidation</u>

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group entities are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated but are considered an impairment indicator of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests comprise the portion of a subsidiary's net results of operations and of net assets of a subsidiary attributable to the interests that are not owned directly or indirectly by the equity holders of the Company. They are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of financial position. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the non-controlling interests based on their respective interests in a subsidiary, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(ii) <u>Transactions with non-controlling interests</u>

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control over the subsidiary are accounted for as equity transactions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

6.1 Investment in subsidiaries (continued)

Material accounting policy information (continued)

(iii) Put option with non-controlling interests

When the Group enters into a put option agreement with the non-controlling shareholder in an existing subsidiary on their equity interests in that subsidiary and provides for settlement in cash or in another financial asset by the Group, the Group recognises a financial liability for the present value of the exercise price of the option. Subsequent to initial recognition of the financial liability, changes in the carrying amount of the financial liability is recognised in profit or loss. Amount initially recognised under equity is not subsequently re-measured.

On exercise of the put option, the financial liability will be derecognised on settlement in cash or in another financial asset by the Group. Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary is accounted for according to transaction with non-controlling interests.

If the put option expires unexercised, the financial liability is reversed against equity – Non-controlling interests.

6.2 Investments in associated companies and a joint venture

		Gr	oup	Con	npany
		2025	2024	2025	2024
		S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
	ments in associated companies (Note (a)) ment in a joint venture (Note (b))	21,890 -	23,107 -	21,891 -	21,891
		21,890	23,107	21,891	21,891
(a)	Associated companies				
	Equity investment at cost		_	21,891	21,891
	Beginning of financial year	23,107	31,939		
	Disposal of interest in an associated company	(954)	_		
	Loss of significant influence from dilution of interest (Note (i))				
	in an associated company (Note (ii))	_	(8,402)		
	(Impairment loss) / Reversal of impairment		(-, - ,		
	loss in associated companies (Note (iii))	(1,717)	2,762		
	Share of profit / (loss)	519	(1,543)		
	Dividends received	(195)	(293)		
	Currency translation differences	1,130	(1,356)		
	End of financial year	21,890	23,107		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

- 6.2 Investments in associated companies and a joint venture (continued)
 - (a) Associated companies (continued)
 - (i) During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the Group disposed of its interest in an associated company and recognised a loss on disposal amounting to S\$188,000. The loss on disposal was included in "Exceptional items" (Note 2.7) and is calculated as follows:

	2025
	S\$'000
Consideration received	964
Less: Carrying amount of the investment on date of disposal	(954)
Less: Currency translation reserve transferred to profit or loss	
arising from disposal	(198)
Loss on disposal of investment in an associated company	(188)

(ii) In the preceding financial year, the Group lost its significant influence over a former associated company and recognised a loss on deemed disposal amounting to \$\$136,000. The retained interest is measured at fair value and accounted for as an equity investment measured at FVTOCI (Note 4.4). The loss on deemed disposal was included in "Exceptional items" (Note 2.7) and is calculated as follows:

	2024
	S\$'000
Fair value of investment in associated company	8,402
Less: Carrying amount of the investment on date of loss of significant influence	(8,402)
Less: Currency translation reserve transferred to profit or loss	
arising from loss of significant influence	(136)
Loss on deemed disposal of investment in an associated company	(136)

(iii) During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recognised an impairment loss of \$1,717,000 (2024: reversed an impairment loss of \$\$2,762,000) against the carrying amount of its investments in associated companies, being the difference between the carrying amount of the Group's investment and the recoverable amount. The recoverable amounts are determined based on value-in-use or quoted market price of the associated companies.

The Group's investment in associated companies include an investment in a listed associated company with a carrying value of \$\$20,790,000 (2024: \$\$19,962,000), for which the published price quotation is \$\$38,033,000 (2024: \$\$33,978,000) at the end of the reporting period and is classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in the associated companies.

The Group's investments in associates are not individually material. Details of associated companies are disclosed in Note 6.5.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

6.2 Investments in associated companies and joint ventures (continued)

(b) Joint venture

The Group's investment in a joint venture is not material. Details of the joint venture are disclosed in Note 6.5.

Material accounting policy information

Associated companies are entities over which the Group has significant influence, but not control. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies. Joint ventures are entities over which the Group has contractual arrangements to jointly share the control over the economic activity of the entities with one or more parties.

Investments in associated companies and joint ventures are initially recognised at cost. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus cost directly attributable to the acquisition. Goodwill on associated companies and joint ventures represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the associated companies and joint ventures and is included in the carrying amount of the investments.

Equity method of accounting

Investments in associated companies and joint ventures are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting less impairment losses.

In applying the equity method of accounting, the Group's share of its associated companies' and joint venture's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss and its share of post-acquisition other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. These post-acquisition movements and distributions received from associated companies and joint ventures are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investments. When the Group's share of losses in an associated companies or joint ventures equals or exceeds its interest in the associated companies or joint ventures, including any other unsecured non-current receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has obligations to make or has made payments on behalf of the associated companies or joint ventures.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associated companies and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associated companies and joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the asset transferred. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of associated companies and joint ventures to ensure consistency of accounting policies adopted by the Group.

6.3 Acquisition of subsidiaries

During the preceding financial year, the following acquisition was completed.

On 1 March 2024, the Group acquired 100% shares and voting interest in M J Luff Pty Ltd through its subsidiary, FMH. M J Luff Pty Ltd is an investment holding company that owns 100% of the shares of Border Express Pty Ltd ("BEX") and Yandilla Pty Ltd ("Yandilla"), and operate under the trading name "Border Express". Border Express offers courier and logistics services and occupies a national network that captures all States and Territories of Australia.

The initial accounting for the acquisition of Border Express had only been provisionally determined at 31 March 2024. The necessary purchase price allocations and other calculations had not been finalised and they have therefore only been provisionally determined based on the management's best estimate of the likely values.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

6.3 <u>Acquisition of subsidiaries</u> (continued)

Details at the acquisition date of the consideration paid, the provisional fair value amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, and the effects on the cash flows of the Group, were as follows:

		S\$'000
(i)	Purchase consideration	
,	Cash paid to vendor	104,820
	Deferred consideration	53,324
	Contingent consideration (Note (iv))	13,103
	Total purchase consideration	171,247
ii)	Effect on cash flows of the Group	
,	Effect on cash flows of the Group	104,820
	Less: Cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	(7,090)
	Cash outflow on acquisition	97,730
(iii)	Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, at fair value	
	Current assets	
	Cash and cash equivalents	7,090
	Trade and other receivables	32,048
	Inventories	484
	Other current assets	2,458
		42,080
	Non-current assets	
	Property, plant and equipment	62,998
	Intangible assets	61,232
	Right-of-use assets	69,892
		194,122
	Current liabilities	
	Trade and other payables	34,893
	Current income tax liabilities	2,753
	Lease liabilities	13,261
	Borrowings	8,006
		58,913
	Non-current liabilities	
	Trade and other payables	3,045
	Borrowings	5,460
	Lease liabilities	56,631
	Deferred tax liabilities	19,060
		84,196
	Total identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed	93,093
	Add: Provisional goodwill arising on acquisition (Note (v))	78,154
	Add. I Tovisional goodwill arising on acquisition (Note (V))	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

6.3 Acquisition of subsidiaries (continued)

(iv) Contingent consideration

The contingent consideration was dependent on the earned revenue from services provided to qualifying customers within a stipulated period.

(v) Provisional goodwill arising from acquisition

The provisional goodwill of S\$78,154,000 arising from the acquisition was attributable to the synergies expected to arise from combining the operations of the Group with Border Express to expand the Group's logistics network and deliver enhanced value to its customers and partners.

None of the goodwill was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

(vi) Acquisition-related costs

Acquisition-related costs of S\$2,171,000 were included in "Exceptional items" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and in operating cash flows in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

(vii) Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Border Express contributed S\$29,561,000 revenue and a net profit of S\$909,000 to the Group's profit for the period between the date of acquisition and the reporting date.

If the acquisition of Border Express had been completed on the first day of the financial year, consolidated revenue and consolidated net profit for the year ended 31 March 2024 would have increased by \$\\$343,643,000 and \$\\$28,065,000 respectively.

There were no material revisions to the provisional values arising from the completion of the purchase price allocation exercise in the current financial year.

Material accounting policy information

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary or business comprises the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement and the fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary at the acquisition date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

6.3 Acquisition of subsidiaries (continued)

Material accounting policy information (continued)

When the consideration transferred by the group in a business combination includes a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date. The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Other contingent consideration is remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date.

On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill.

Refer to Note 3.9 for the subsequent accounting policy on goodwill.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

6.4 <u>Disposal of subsidiaries</u>

As disclosed in Note 2.13, divestment of SPAI Group was completed on 27 March 2025. Details of the deconsolidation of SPAI Group are as follows:

Carrying amounts of net assets over which control was lost:

	2025
	S\$'000
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	20,461
Trade and other receivables	131,595
Inventories	263
Other current assets	7,982
	160,301
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment	121,222
Right-of-use assets	210,376
Intangible assets	447,218
Deferred tax assets	4,388
Other non-current assets	464
	783,668
Current liabilities	
Trade and other payables	111,140
Current income tax liabilities	4,854
Contract liabilities	1,799
Lease liabilities	31,721
	149,514
Non-current liabilities	
Trade and other payables	4,251
Borrowings	209,215
Lease liabilities	190,022
Deferred tax liabilities	33,826
	437,314
Net assets derecognised	357,141
Net financial impact on disposal	
Consideration received	660,729
Net assets derecognised	(357,141)
Cumulative exchange differences in respect of the net assets of the	, ,
subsidiaries reclassified from equity on loss of control of subsidiaries	12,890
Legal fees and other related expenses for disposal of subsidiaries	(14,389)
Net financial impact on disposal	302,089

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

6.5 <u>Listing of companies in the Group</u>

		Place of					
Name	Principal activities	incorporation	-	Group		e NCI	
			2025	2024	2025	2024	
SUBSIDIARIES			%	%	%	%	
Held by the Company							
Singapore Post Enterprise Private Limited	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
SingPost Logistics Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
SingPost Investments Pte. Ltd.	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
SingPost Logistics Investments Pte. Ltd.	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
SingPost Group Treasury Pte Ltd	Provision of financial and treasury services to its related companies	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
SingPost Holdings Pte. Ltd. (2)	Investment holding	Singapore	100	-	-	-	
SingPost eCommerce Pte. Ltd.	eCommerce specialising in the provision of online sale of products	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
Held by subsidiaries							
SingPost Logistics Enterprise Pte. Ltd	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
SingPost Logistics Australia Holdings Pty Ltd	Investment holding	Australia	100	100	-	-	
SingPost Australia Investments Pty Ltd (1)	Investment holding	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Quantium Logistics (Shenzhen) Limited	Provision of logistics services	China	100	100	-	-	
Quantium Solutions (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	Provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions	Taiwan	100	100	-	-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

Name	Principal activities	Place of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held by the Group by the NCI			
TVarric		incorporation	2025	2024	2025	2024
			%	%	%	%
SUBSIDIARIES (continued)						
Held by subsidiaries (continued)						
Quantium Solutions International Pte. Ltd.	Investment holding, provision of management and consultancy services to related entities	Singapore	66	66	34	34
Quantium Solutions (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions	Singapore	66	66	34	34
Quantium Solutions (Australia) Pty Ltd	Provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions	Australia	66	66	34	34
Quantium Solutions (Hong Kong) Limited	Provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions	Hong Kong	66	66	34	34
Quantium Mail Logistics Solutions (India) Private Limited ⁽⁶⁾	Dormant	India	66	66	34	34
Quantium Express Solutions (India) Private Limited ⁽⁶⁾	Dormant	India	66	66	34	34
PT Quantium Solutions Logistics Indonesia ⁺	Provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions	Indonesia	44	44	56	56
Quantium Solutions (Japan) Inc. ⁽²⁾	Provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions	Japan	66	66	34	34
Quantium Solutions International (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions	Malaysia	66	66	34	34
Quantium Solutions (New Zealand) Pty Limited ⁽²⁾	Provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions	New Zealand	66	66	34	34

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

Name	Principal activities	Place of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held by the Group by the NCI			
Name		iricorporation	2025	2024	2025	2024
			%	%	%	%
SUBSIDIARIES (continued)						
Held by subsidiaries (continued)						
Quantium Solutions (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions	Thailand	66	66	34	34
Couriers Please Holdings Pty Ltd	Investment holding	Australia	100	100	-	-
Couriers Please Australia Pty Ltd	Investment holding	Australia	100	100	-	-
Couriers Please Pty Limited ⁽¹⁾	Provision of delivery services and eCommerce logistics solutions	Australia	-	100	-	-
Freight Management Holdings Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Investment holding and provision of integrated supply chain and distribution services	Australia	-	100	-	-
efm Logistics Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of logistics consulting and warehousing services	Australia	-	100	-	-
LHA Network Services Pty Ltd (1)	Provision of logistics consulting and warehousing services	Australia	-	100	-	-
Logistics Holdings Australia Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	_
Logistics Holdings Industrial Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	_
BagTrans Group Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Investment holding	Australia	-	100	-	-
BagTrans Logistics Pty Ltd (1)	Investment holding	Australia	-	100	-	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

	Principal activities	Place of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held				
Name			by the 2025	Group 2024	by the 2025	e NCI 2024	
			%	%	%	<u>%</u>	
SUBSIDIARIES (continued)							
Held by subsidiaries (continued)							
BagTrans Pty Limited (1)	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
BTH2 Pty. Limited (1)	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
BagTrans Holdings Pty Limited (1)	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
BagTrans Operations (Depot) Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
BagTrans Operations (Local) Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
BagTrans Operations (Management) Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of management and consultancy services to related entities	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Flemington Fields Pty Ltd (1)	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Otway Logistics Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Investment holding	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Niche Logistics Pty Ltd (1)	Provision of freight logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Flip Group Technologies Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of management and system support related services to its related entities	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Flip Technologies Pty Ltd (1)	Provision of management and system support related services to its related entities	Australia	-	100	-	_	
Andromeda Nominees Pty. Ltd. ⁽¹⁾	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Spectrum Transport Consol 1 Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Investment holding	Australia	-	100	-	-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

	Principal activities	Place of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held				
Name			by the 2025	Group 2024	by th 2025	e NCI 2024	
			%	%	%	%	
SUBSIDIARIES (continued)							
Held by subsidiaries (continued)							
Spectrum Transport QLD Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Spectrum Transport NSW Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Spectrum Transport VIC Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Spectrum Transport Equipment Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
M J Luff Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Investment holding	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Border Express Pty Ltd (1)	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Yandilla Pty Ltd (1)	Provision of logistics services	Australia	-	100	-	-	
Famous Holdings Pte Ltd	Investment holding and provision of management services	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
Famous Air & Sea Services Pte. Ltd.	Freight forwarding	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
FPS Global Logistics Pte. Ltd.	Freight forwarding	Singapore	100	100	-	_	
Famous Pacific Shipping (WA) Pty Ltd	Freight collections transhipments	Australia	100	100	-	-	
Shinyei Shipping Co Ltd (2)	Freight forwarding	Japan	89	89	11	11	
Tras – Inter Co., Ltd ⁽²⁾	Customs brokerage and freight forwarding	Japan	89	89	11	11	
FPS Famous Pacific Shipping Sdn. Bhd.	Freight forwarding	Malaysia	100	100	-	-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

Name	Principal activities	Place of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held by the Group by the NCI			
	·		2025	2024	2025	2024
			%	%	%	<u>%</u>
SUBSIDIARIES (continued)						
Held by subsidiaries (continued)						
Rotterdam Harbour Holding B.V. ⁽³⁾	Investment holdings	Netherlands	85	85	15	15
FPS Famous Pacific Shipping B.V. ⁽²⁾	Logistics services	Netherlands	85	85	15	15
Trans Ocean Pacific Forwarding B.V. ⁽²⁾	Logistics services	Netherlands	85	85	15	15
Famous Pacific Shipping (NZ) Limited ⁽⁴⁾	Freight forwarding	New Zealand	100	100	-	-
F.S. Mackenzie Limited ⁽⁴⁾	Freight forwarding	United Kingdom	100	100	-	-
SingPost Investments (Tampines) Pte. Ltd.	Investment holding and real estate activities with owned or leased property	Singapore	100	100	-	-
SingPost Investments (Toh Guan) Pte. Ltd.	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	-	-
SingPost Investments (Ecommerce Logistics) Pte. Ltd.	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	-	-
SingPost Centre (Retail) Pte. Ltd.	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

	Principal activities	Place of	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held				
Name		incorporation	by the Group		by the NCI		
	·	·	2025	2024	2025	2024	
			%	%	%	%	
SUBSIDIARIES (continued) Held by subsidiaries (continued)						
<u></u>	,						
SingPost eCommerce Logistics Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
SP eCommerce (Thailand) Co Ltd ⁽⁴⁾	eCommerce specialising in the provision of online shopping platforms and services	Thailand	100	100	-	-	
SP eCommerce (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	eCommerce specialising in the provision of online shopping platforms and services	Malaysia	100	100	-	-	
TradeGlobal Asia Holdings Limited ⁽⁷⁾	Investment holding	Hong Kong	100	100	-	-	
Parcel Santa Pte. Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾	Provision of eCommerce logistics solutions	Singapore	100	100	-	-	
SingPost Properties Pte. Ltd. (2)	Investment holding	Singapore	100	-	-	_	
SingPost Pte. Ltd. (2)	Investment holding	Singapore	100	-	-	_	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. **GROUP STRUCTURE** (continued)

6.5 Listing of companies in the Group (continued)

Name	Principal activities	Place of incorporation	Percentage of ownership and voting rights held by the Group		
Name	Timelpar activities	meorporation	2025	2024	
			%	%	
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES					
Held by the Company					
GDEX Berhad ^	Investment holding	Malaysia	12.28	12.27	
Held by subsidiaries					
Dash Logistics Company Ltd ⁽⁴⁾	Provision of integrated logistics, freight and transport management and aviation services	Vietnam	-	30	
Morning Express & Logistics Limited ⁽⁵⁾	Provision of courier services and provision of management services to its related company	Hong Kong	33	33	
JOINT VENTURES					
Held by subsidiaries					
PT Trio SPeCommerce Indonesia ⁽²⁾	Dormant	Indonesia	33	33	

Notes

All companies as at 31 March 2025 are audited by member firms of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, except for the following:

- Divested during the financial year ended 31 March 2025
 Not required to be audited for the financial year ended 31 March 2025
 Audited by Crowe Peak Audit & Assurance, The Netherlands

- (4) Audited by local statutory auditors in the countries of incorporation
 (5) Audited by HKCMCPA Company Limited
 (6) Placed under members' voluntary liquidation since financial year ended 31 March 2021
- (7) Placed under members' voluntary liquidation during the financial year ended 31 March 2025
- It is considered to be a subsidiary of the Company as the Company can exercise control over its financial and operating policies and
- It is considered to be an associate of the Company as the Company can exercise significant influence over its financial and operating policies and voting rights.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

7. OTHERS

7.1 Holding company and related party transactions

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with its related parties at terms agreed between the parties:

(a) Sales and purchases of goods and services

	Group	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Services received from associated companies	(336)	(866)
Services rendered to related companies of a substantial shareholder	16,467	15,352
Sale of property, plant and equipment to a substantial shareholder	-	4,500
Services received from related companies of a substantial shareholder	(26,726)	(14,928)

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the Company made payments on behalf of subsidiaries totalling S\$0.5 million (2024: S\$1.0 million) which were subsequently reimbursed.

Outstanding balances at 31 March 2025, arising from sale/purchase of goods and services, are unsecured and receivable/payable within 12 months from the end of the reporting period and are disclosed in Notes 3.2 and 3.10 respectively.

(b) Key management personnel compensation is as follows:

	Gr	Group	
	2025	2024	
	S\$'000	S\$'000	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	5,855	6,301	
Post-employment benefits	113	111	
Share-based staff costs	(1,062)	2,031	
	4,906	8,443	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Included in the above is total compensation to non-executive directors of the Company amounting to \$\$1,338,470 (2024: \$\$1,207,970) based on the non-executive director remuneration framework.

The key management personnel for the financial year reflects the key management positions (2024: executive key management positions and the Group CEO) as at the end of that financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

7. OTHERS (continued)

7.2 <u>Post-employment benefits</u>

The Group operates one defined benefit pension plan in Japan to provide pensions for employees upon retirement.

	Group	
	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000
The amount recognised in the statement of financial position is determined as follows:		
Present value of unfunded obligations (Note 3.10)	1,326	1,715
The amounts recognised in profit or loss are as follows:		
Current service cost	295	498
Interest cost	27	23
	322	521
Beginning of financial year	1,715	1,832
Current service cost	295	498
Interest cost	27	23
Benefits paid	(525)	(431)
Currency translation differences	(186)	(207)
End of financial year	1,326	1,715
The significant actuarial assumptions used were as follows:		
Discount rate	2.30%	1.7%
Retirement age	60	60
Salary growth rates	2.5%	2.8%
Withdrawal	0%	0%
The cumulative actuarial losses recognised for the defined benefit pension plans were as follows:		
Beginning and end of financial year	(11)	(11)

Material accounting policy information

Defined benefit plans

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit pension plans other than defined contribution plans. Defined benefit plans typically define the amount of benefit that an employee will receive on or after retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

7. OTHERS (continued)

7.2 Post-employment benefits (continued)

Material accounting policy information (continued)

The liability recognised in the statement of financial position (Note 3.10) in respect of a defined benefit pension plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date less the fair value plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised past-service costs. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using market yields of high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and have tenures approximating to that of the related post-employment benefit obligations.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period when they arise.

Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the changes to the pension plan are conditional on the employees remaining in service for a specified period of time (the vesting period). In this case, the past service costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

7.3 Commitments

(a) Capital and contractual commitments

Expenditures contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	26,416	22,402	26,416	2,728
Contractual commitments	15,592		15,592	_

(b) Operating lease arrangements – where the Group is a lessee

The Group and Company lease various post offices, warehouse space and machinery under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The leases have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights.

At 31 March 2025, the Group is committed to S\$0.6 million (2024: S\$0.7 million) for short-term leases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

7. OTHERS (continued)

7.3 Commitments (continued)

(c) Operating lease commitments – where the Group is a lessor

Operating leases, in which the Group is the lessor, relate to investment properties owned by the Group. All operating lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event that the lessee exercises its option to renew. The lessee does not have an option to purchase the property at the expiry of the lease period.

The unguaranteed residual values do not represent a significant risk for the Group, as they are not material.

Maturity analysis of operating lease income:

		Group	Company
Maturity analysis: Year 1 64,561 63,059 Year 2 47,212 46,214 Year 3 26,296 25,690 Year 4 8,690 8676 Year 5 1,774 1,761 Year 6 and onwards 892 892 892 892 149,425 146,292 Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264		S\$'000	S\$'000
Maturity analysis: Year 1 64,561 63,059 Year 2 47,212 46,214 Year 3 26,296 25,690 Year 4 8,690 8676 Year 5 1,774 1,761 Year 6 and onwards 892 892 892 892 149,425 146,292 Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264			
Year 1 64,561 63,059 Year 2 47,212 46,214 Year 3 26,296 25,690 Year 4 8,690 8676 Year 5 1,774 1,761 Year 6 and onwards 892 892 Maturity analysis: 446,292 Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264	2025		
Year 1 64,561 63,059 Year 2 47,212 46,214 Year 3 26,296 25,690 Year 4 8,690 8676 Year 5 1,774 1,761 Year 6 and onwards 892 892 Maturity analysis: 446,292 Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264			
Year 2 47,212 46,214 Year 3 26,296 25,690 Year 4 8,690 8676 Year 5 1,774 1,761 Year 6 and onwards 892 892 149,425 146,292 Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264	Maturity analysis:		
Year 2 47,212 46,214 Year 3 26,296 25,690 Year 4 8,690 8676 Year 5 1,774 1,761 Year 6 and onwards 892 892 149,425 146,292 Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264	Year 1	64.561	63.059
Year 3 26,296 25,690 Year 4 8,690 8676 Year 5 1,774 1,761 Year 6 and onwards 892 892 149,425 146,292 Maturity analysis: Year 1 Year 2 48,147 Year 3 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264 3,264 3,264 3,264 3,264			
Year 4 8,690 8676 Year 5 1,774 1,761 Year 6 and onwards 892 892 149,425 146,292 Maturity analysis: 57,836 56,056 Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264			
Year 6 and onwards 892 892 149,425 146,292 2024 Maturity analysis: Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264	Year 4		
149,425 146,292 2024 Maturity analysis: Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264	Year 5	1,774	1,761
2024 Maturity analysis: Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264	Year 6 and onwards	892	892
Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264		149,425	146,292
Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264			
Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264	2024		
Year 1 57,836 56,056 Year 2 48,147 47,277 Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264			
Year 248,14747,277Year 332,26431,892Year 412,75712,649Year 53,2643,264	Maturity analysis:		
Year 248,14747,277Year 332,26431,892Year 412,75712,649Year 53,2643,264	V 4	F7.006	56.056
Year 3 32,264 31,892 Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264			
Year 4 12,757 12,649 Year 5 3,264 3,264			
Year 5 <u>3,264</u> 3,264	Year 3	32,264	31,892
	Year 4	12,757	12,649
154,268 151,138	Year 5	3,264	3,264
		154,268	151,138

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

7. OTHERS (continued)

7.3 Commitments (continued)

(c) Operating lease commitments – where the Group is a lessor (continued)

Material accounting policy information

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for the head lease and the sublease as two separate contracts. The sublease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease.

7.4 Events after Reporting Period

a) On 16 April 2025, the Group entered into a deed of undertaking with Alibaba Investment Limited (AIL), pursuant to which parties have agreed that AIL shall cease to hold any shareholding in Quantium Solutions International Pte Ltd (QSI) and Cainiao will acquire the Group's entire shareholdings in 4PX (Note 4.4) for RMB515.3 million (31 March 2025: approximately S\$95.5 million). AIL's cessation of its shareholdings in QSI will be executed by way of a selective capital reduction for approximately S\$36.9 million.

The Group expects that the above transactions will be completed within 12 months from the date of this report and expects to receive net cash of approximately \$\$58.6 million.

b) Following the review of the International cross-border business by the Board, it will be reintegrated into the Singapore postal and logistics business to achieve business synergies and drive operational efficiencies in the next financial year. The cross-border business will continue to be part of the Group's product offering, leveraging the international postal network. The Group is currently assessing the impact on the financial statements.

7.5 Pronouncements issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Group and the Company have not applied the following relevant SFRS(I) pronouncements that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026*

- Amendments to SFRS(I) 9 and SFRS(I) 7: Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments
- Annual Improvements to SFRS(I)s-Volume 11

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027*

- SFRS(I) 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements
- SFRS(I) 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

Management anticipates that the adoption of the above SFRS(I)s and amendments to SFRS(I) in future periods will not have a material impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company in the period of their initial adoption, except for the following:

* Early application is permitted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025

7. OTHERS (continued)

7.5 Pronouncements issued but not yet effective (continued)

SFRS(I) 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements

SFRS(I) 18 replaces SFRS(I) 1-1, carrying forward many of the requirements in SFRS(I) 1-1 unchanged and complementing them with new requirements. In addition, some SFRS(I) 1-1 paragraphs have been moved to SFRS(I) 1-8 and SFRS(I) 7. Furthermore, minor amendments to SFRS(I) 1-7 and SFRS(I) 1-33 *Earnings per Share* have been made.

SFRS(I) 18 introduces new requirements to:

- present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss
- provide disclosures on management-defined performance measures (MPMs) in the notes to the financial statements
- improve aggregation and disaggregation.

The amendments to SFRS(I) 1-7 and SFRS(I) 1-33, as well as the revised SFRS(I) 1-8 and SFRS(I) 7, become effective when an entity applies SFRS(I) 18. SFRS(I) 18 requires retrospective application with specific transition provisions. The Group is still in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard, particularly with respect to the structure of the Group's statement of profit or loss, the statement of cash flows and the additional disclosures required for MPMs. The Group is also assessing the impact on how information is grouped in the financial statements, including the items currently labelled as operating expenses and other income.